

# **User Manual for All-in-One**

# **Weather Sensors**

## **SenseCAP ONE Series**

Version: V1.4

Dates: 2020-4-16







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Version	Description	Date	The modifier
V1.0	Initial version	02-09-2020	Kevin Yang
V1.1	Modify the Modbus protocol section, barometric pressure value calculation method	09-12-2020	Kevin Yang
V1.2	Modify the definition for these 2 symbols "&", ";" in the return values of ASIIC protocol. Modify the command for rain-related parameters in the ASIIC protocol; add Clear command	24-12-2020	Kevin Yang
V1.3	Add heating function, PM2.5/10, SDI-12 protocol, etc.	12-4-2021	Kevin Yang





# **1 Product Introduction**

SenseCAP ONE is a series of all-in-one compact weather sensors, including S900 9-in-1, S700 7in-1, and S500 5-in-1 weather sensors. These weather sensors integrate multiple sensors into this compact device, monitoring up to 9 weather parameters: air temperature, air humidity, atmospheric pressure, light intensity, wind speed, wind direction, precipitation, PM 2.5, and PM 10. The sensors use ultrasonic to measure wind speed and wind direction, to achieve highprecision data collection, which is easy maintenance. The equipment is designed with industry standards and can work stably in harsh outdoor environments from -40°C to 85°C. The product supports the Modbus-RTU (RS232/RS485/RS422), ASCII, and SDI-12 protocol.

Basic parameters				
Product Model	SenseCAP ONE S700			
Power Supply	12V ~ 24V(1W)	12V ~ 24V(1W)		
Heating Power Supply	12V ~ 24V(2W)	12V ~ 24V(2W)		
Support Protocols	Modbus-RTU (RS232/RS485/RS422) , ASCII and SDI-12 protocol			
IP Rating	IP65	IP65		
Working Temperature	-40 °C ~ + 85°C	-40 °C ∼ + 85°C		
Working Humidity	0 to 100%RH (non-condensing).			
Measurement Param	neters			
Measurements	Range	Accuracy	Resolution	
Air Temperature	-40~85°C	±0.1℃	0.01°C	
Air Humidity	0~ 100%RH	±1.5%RH	0.01%RH	
Barometric Pressure	300~1250hPa	±50Pa	10 Pa	
Light Intensity	0~188000 Lux	±5%*MV(measurement value)	5Lux	
Wind Speed	0~60 m/s (@-40°C~60°C)	±0.3m/s, (≤10m/s) ± 3%* MV (≥10m/s)	0.1m/s	
Wind Direction	0~360° (@-40°C~60°C)	±3.0°	0.1°	





#### User manual/ Technical information

Precipitation	0~200mm/h	±5%	0.2mm/0. 02mm
PM2.5	0~1000µg/m3	±10%@100~1000μg/m3 ±10μg/m3@0~100μg/m3	1µg/m3
PM10	0~1000µg/m3	±15%@100~1000µg/ <i>m</i> 3 ±15µg/ <i>m</i> 3@0~100µg/ <i>m</i> 3	1µg/m3







# 2 Installation

Before the installation, check the packing list and make sure there are no missing parts.







## 2.1 Packing List

Number	r Parts	
1	SenseCAP ONE All-in-one compact weather sensor	
	M12 8-pin communication cable (default length 3-meter hook-up wire,	
2	and there is a waterproof aviation connector type to choose when	1
working with SenseCAP SensorHub datalogger)		
3	3 USB Type-C cable, for configuring devices 1	
4	Flange plate (purchased separately)	1
5	Pole adapter sleeve base (purchased separately)	1
6	Pole adapter cross bar (purchased separately)	1





## 2.2 Installation

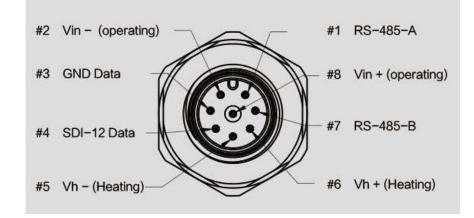
## **2.2.1 Device Interface Introduction**



There are two connectors at the bottom of the device.

- USB Type-C interface allows you to connect your computer with a normal USB Type-C cable to the device for configuration.
- The main data interface can be connected to the M12 8-pin cable, supporting multiple bus

protocols



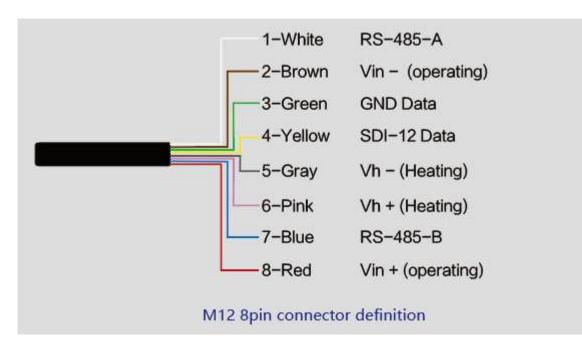




## 2.2.2 Connect with USB Cable



### 2.2.3 M12 Cable



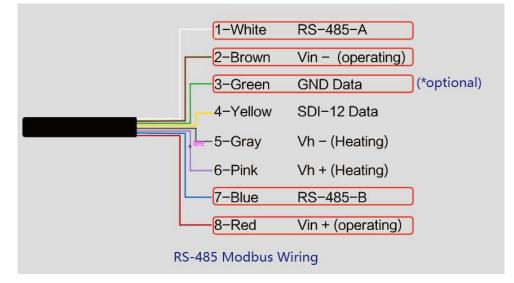
The device adopts an M12 8-pin connector, the different colored pins provide power and data

communication (as shown in the above diagram).

When working with the RS-485, you can connect only 4 wires (not using a heating function), and







#### the rest can be individually wrapped with tape to prevent short circuit

The holes of the cable and the pins of the device connector must be aligned when the cable is

plugged in.



Plugin the cable and tighten it clockwise



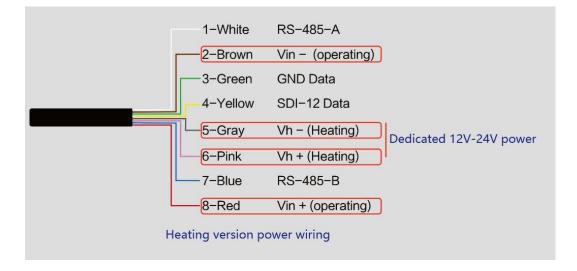




When using the device with a heating function, a separate 12V-24V (12V@2A is recommended)

power supply is required. Gray wire #5 is connected to the negative of the power supply, and

pink wire #6 is connected to the positive pole of the power supply.

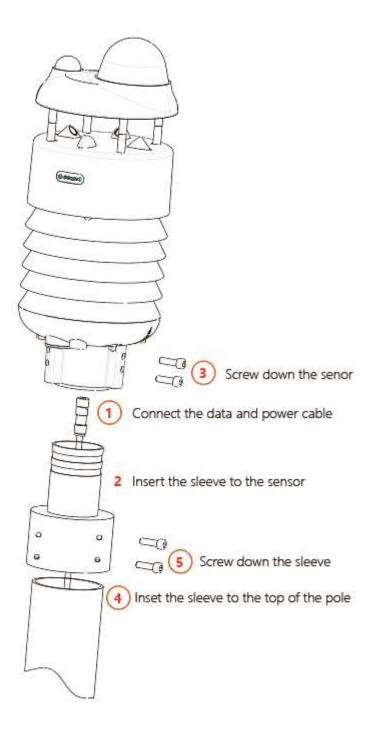


### 2.2.4 Install the device.

There are two major installation methods, either mount on a pole with a sleeve or a platform with a flange plate.



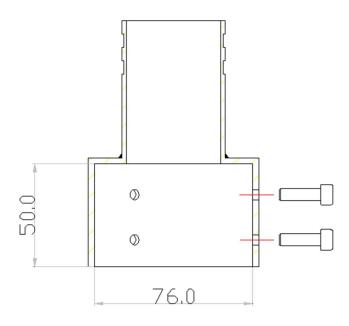




The size of the sleeve is shown below.



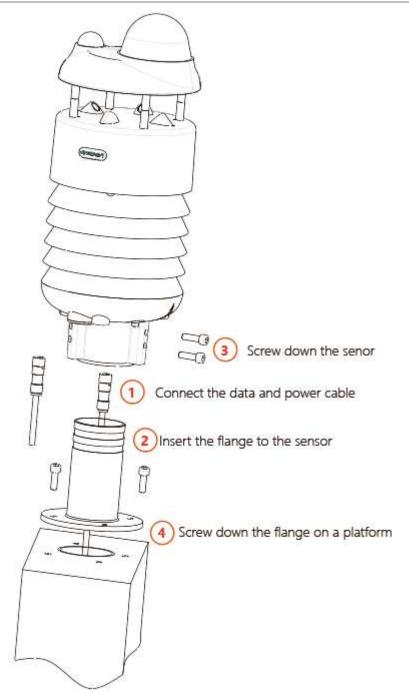




It is recommended that the diameter of the pole should be less than or equal to 75cm.



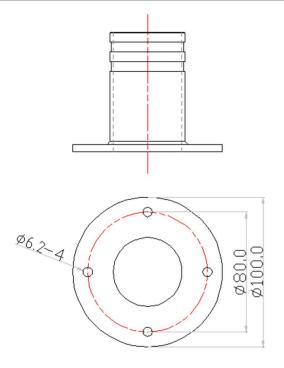




The dimension of the flange plate is shown below.











# **3 Device's Operating Mode**

After installation, you can power on the device, configure it and collect data from the device.

The device has two operating modes, **configuration mode**, and working mode.

	With a USB cable, you can check or configure the device's
Configuration Mode	parameters, such as device name, version number, and
Configuration Mode	communication protocol configuration. Product firmware can be
	upgraded in this mode.
	Connect the devices and data logger with an M12 data and power
Working Mode	cable, and then the data collected by the device will be sent to the
	host via different communication protocols.





## 3.1 **Configure the device via USB port**

There is a waterproof round cover at the bottom of the device. Turn it counterclockwise to

remove this cover, and you can see a USB Type-C connector and a configuration button.

Connect the device to your computer with a USB Type-C cable. The computer will automatically

install the device driver. After the driver is successfully installed, you can see a serial port in the

device's manager.



If the driver is not installed automatically, click this link to manually download and install the

driver.



There are two methods to configure the device:

- SenseCAP ONE Configuration Tool
- Serial debug tool





## 3.2 SenseCAP ONE Configuration Tool

SenseCAP ONE Configuration Tool offers a graphical interface for you to configure the device.

And you can download the tool from the GitHub link below:

https://github.com/Seeed-Solution/SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool/releases

Select the software for the respective operating system, Windows, macOS, or Linux based on

your needs.

Q In the second se		
latest-linux.yml		412 Bytes
		581 Bytes
🛇 latest.yml		390 Bytes
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-1.0.0-mac.z	p	80.6 MB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-1.0.0.AppIn	age	84.4 MB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-1.0.0.dmg	MacOS	83.2 MB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-1.0.0.dmg.	lockmap	88.8 KB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-1.0.0.exe	Windows	48.4 MB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-Setup-1.0.0	exe	48.8 MB
SenseCAP-One-Configuration-Tool-Setup-1.0.0	exe.blockmap	53 KB
Sensecap_one_cfg_tool_1.0.0_amd64.deb	Linux	53.7 MB
Source code (zip)		
Source code (tar.gz)		

The next image shows the main interface of the SenseCAP ONE Configuration Tool.

	SenseCAP One Configuration Tool		
	Mea	surement Data Area	
Serial Port /dev/dy usbserial-14220 V	THPL	Wind	
Baud Rate 9600 V Baud rate for the service port. Device Connection Area Disconnect Settings Firmware Update Device Setup Area	Air Temperature 27.38 °C Air Humidity 61.17 %6RH Air Pressure 100680 Pa Light Intensity 210 Lux	Min. Wind Direction         329.4 *         Max. Wind Direction         331.4 *         Avg. Wind Direction         330.2 *         Min. Wind Speed         2.7 m/s         Max. Wind Speed         2.9 m/s         Avg. Wind Speed         2.9 m/s	
Device Information S/N 1019906922012055 Hardware Version 1.0 Software Version 3.0 Date of Manufacture 2021-03-11 Device Name SenseCAP ONE 1019906922012055	Precipitation         Rain Accumulation         20.8 mm         Rain Duration         1040 s         Rain Intensity         0.0 mm/h         Rain Peak Intensity         0.0 mm/h	Misc. Heating Temperature -27.50 °C Tilt Status 0	





1. Open the software, click on the pull-down box at the serial port, select the corresponding

serial port of the device.

- 2. Set the Baud rate to 9600.
- 3. Click connect, if the connection is successful, the sensor data area on the right will show the

corresponding measurements.

•	SenseCAP One Configurati	on Tool
erial Port 1 /devity.usbserial-14220 ~	THPL	Wind
aud Rate 2 8600 V Baud rate for the service port. 3 Disconnect Settings Firmware Update	Air Temperature 27.38 °C Air Humidity 61.17 %RH Air Pressure 100680 Pa Light Intensity 210 Lux	Min. Wind Direction 329.4 ** Max. Wind Direction 331.4 * Avg. Wind Direction 330.2 * Min. Wind Speed 2.7 m/s Max. Wind Speed 2.9 m/s
evice Information /N 19906822012055 ardware Version 0 offware Version 0 ate of Manufacture 021-03-11 evice Name CAPP ONE 1019906822012055	Precipitation Rain Accumulation 20.8 mm Rain Duration 1040 s Rain Intensity 0.0 mm/h Rain Peak Intensity 0.0 mm/h	2.9 m/s Misc. Heating Temperature -27.50 °C Tit Status 0

Click Settings to enter the device settings.



	SenseCAP C	One Configuration Tool - Settings
Device	General	
Application	Main Port Protocol	RS-485 ASCII
	ASCII Protocol Address	Annhraf" «Iha sensioa oshla is unniunned, changable for Service Port only. SDI-12 RS-232 Modbus RTU
	ASCII Protocol Baud Rate	RS-485 Modbus RTU
	Modbus Address	RS-422 Modbus RTU RS-232 ASCII
	Modbus Baud Rate	RS-485 ASCII
	SDI-12 Address	0 Valid range 0-9, A-Z, a-z.
	Device Name	SenseCAP ONE 1019906922012055
	Factory Reset	Max. length 64. Restore Factory Settings
	Data Combination (G0)	

1. Select the communication protocol. In the example here we choose the RS-485 Modbus RTU.



2. Modify the Modbus address: write the address in the Modbus address, and then click "Write

to Device" .



• • •	SenseCAP	Dne Configuration Tool - Settings
Device	General	
Application	Main Port Protocol	RS-485 ASCII Apply after the service cable is unplugged, changable for Service Port only.
	ASCII Protocol Address	0
	ASCII Protocol Baud Rate	Valid range 0-9, A-Z, a-z. 9600 V
	Modbus Address	Apply for both Service Port and Main Port.
	Modbus Baud Rate	Valid range [1, 247]. 9600
	SDI-12 Address	0
	Device Name	Valid range 0-9, A-Z, a-z. SenseCAP ONE 1019906922012055
	Factory Reset	Max. length 64.

On the configuration page, you can modify the following: device name, data type, and data upload interval. After any modification, you will need to click "Write to Device" for the changes to take effect.

In application settings, you can set the cycle for the tool to read sensor data, with the minimum as 2S, and a dot range for the curve.

	SenseCAP One Configuration Tool - Settings						
Device	Data Poll Interval	2 seconds The interval of polling data for the main page, range [2, 3600].					
Application	Plot Deepth	10					
	Language	The maximum number of points in each plot, range [10, 100].           English					
	Version	v1.1.1					

Click "Firmware Update" to update the device firmware. Please contact sales or technical support at (sensecap@seeed.cc) to get the firmware.





Serial Port	/dev/tty.usbserial-	14220 ~
Baud Rate		
	Baud rate for the service	port.
	Disconnect	
	Disconnect	

On the upgrade page, you will need to choose to update the mainboard firmware or the driver board firmware. Select the firmware file at your local repository, click "Update Now". If there is an unexpected power break during the update process, the update won't be executed. You will need to go through the same process to update the firmware.

				Favorites Or Recents		Fireware	٢	Q Search
Target Board	Select	~		🗛 Applicati		sensecap-one-s700-common-	-v3.1.bin	
				Documents				
Local File	Master Board @	3.0		Downloads				
	Slave Board 1 @	3.2		😭 yangbo				
	Slave Board 2			OneDrive				
	Slave Board 3			Desktop				
				2-Seeed				
	Slave Board 4			MacBook				
	Slave Board 5			2019-11				
	Slave Board 6			iCloud				
	Slave Board 7			iCloud Dri				
		Update	Close	Locations				
				Network	Options			Cancel
	SenseCAP On	Configuration Too	ol - Firmware Up	odate	Sense	CAP One Configuration To	ool - Firmware U	pdate
Target		e Configuration Too er Board @v3.0 V		date	Target Board	eCAP One Configuration To Master Board @v3.0	ool - Firmware U	pdate
	Board Mas			odate			×	pdate
Target I Local F	Board Mas				Target Board	Master Board @v3.0	×	
Target I Local F	Board Mas				Target Board	Master Board @v3.0	×	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board Mas				Target Board	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fi	reware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board Mas file /Use the device				Target Board	Master Board @v3.0	reware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board Mas file /Use the device				Target Board	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fi	reware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board Mas file /Use the device				Target Board	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fi	reware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board Mas file /Use the device				Target Board	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fi	reware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board Mas file /Use the device				Target Board	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fi	reware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board Mas file /Use the device				Target Board	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fi	reware/senseca	
Target I Local F Flashing 16	Board Mas file /Use the device				Target Board	Master Board @v3.0 /Users/yangbo/Desktop/Fi	reware/senseca	





## 3.3 Serial debug tool

The communication settings are as follows:

Select the serial port	You can find port information in your computer's device mana	ou can find port information in your computer's device manager					
Baud rate	9600bps, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, none parity, none flow contro	ol.					
• • •	COMTool V1.7						
K 🕈 🛛		ASCII 🗸					
Serial Settings	AXO						
Port /dev/cu.us							
Baudrate 9600							
DataBytes 8							
Parity None							
Stopbits 1							
rts dtr							
CLOSE							
Receive Settings							
ASCII HEX	?	ClearReceive					
Auto Linefeed (ms)							
Send Settings							
ASCII HEX							
Schedulec 300		Send					
<crlf></crlf>	?	$\checkmark$					
Ready Send(bytes):3	Receive(bytes):5						

- In the Serial Debug Assistant, select the corresponding COM port.
- Check the "click Enter to start a new line" check box.
- Set the baud rate to 9,600.
- Send ? in the send area.
- If you receive the corresponding 0XA message in the serial receive window, the





configuration is successful. If not, please check the COM port and the baud rate.

Please check the detailed ASIIC command in the next chapter.





# **4 Communication Protocols**

The device supports the following communication protocols:

	The Modbus protocol is a common language applied to					
	electronic devices. With this protocol, devices can communicate					
	within their network. It has become a universal industry standard,					
	widely used in data loggers, sensor equipment, and so on. Based on					
Modbus-RTU	this protocol, devices produced by different vendors can					
	communicate with each other for system integration.					
	The Modbus protocol is a master-slave protocol. One node is the					
	host, and the other nodes that use the Modbus protocol to join the					
	communication are the slave. Each slave has a unique address.					
	The ASCII protocol is a query-response or a question-and-answer					
ACCU	communication protocol in which a host PC uses ASCII characters to					
ASCII	send commands to a device and then receives responses from that					
	device.					
	Single-bus-based data communication protocol, is an					
SDI-12	asynchronous serial communications protocol for intelligent sensors					
	that monitor environment data.					



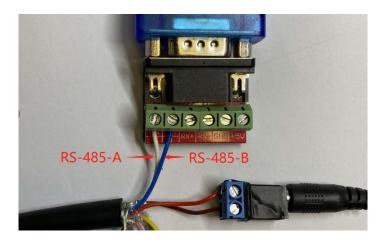


## 4.1 Modbus-RTU Protocol

To start Modbus-RTU communication, the M12 data cable of the device needs to be connected

to the RS-485 port of one Data Logger, which powers up the device at a voltage of 12V-24V. The

following image is a diagram of the wiring:



#### **Protocol communication parameters**

Data Format	One start bit, 8 Data bits, None parity, one Stop bits.
Baud Rate	9600bps (default), which can be modified by configuration.
Default Device Address	0x01

### 4.1.1 Modbus-RTU Protocol Message Format

Sensor data is stored in the Input Register and is read-only

The device address and the communication baud rate of RS-485 are stored in the Holding

Register and can be modified.

Each register is 16bits and takes up 2 bytes.

#### Read the message from the input register.

The message format from by the host							
Slave address	Function code	Register address	Number of registers	CRC check			
1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes (big-endian).	2 Byte (big-endian).	2 bytes			
AA	0x04	RRRR	NNNN	сссс			
Address 0-247	0x04	big endian	big endian	little endian			





The message response from the slave								
Slave address	Function code	Number of registers	First Register data	Second register data		CRC check		
1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes	2 bytes		2 bytes		
AA	0x04	ММ	VV0	VV1		сссс		
Address 0-247	0x04	big endian	big endian	big endian		little-endian		

### Read and write the holding register.

The message format from by the host							
Slave address	Function code	Register address	Number of registers	CRC check			
1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes (big-endian).	2 Byte big-endian).	2 bytes			
AA	0x03/0x06	RRRR	NNNN	СССС			
Address 0-247	0x03/06	big endian	big endian	little endian			

The message response from the slave								
Slave address	5 Function code Number of First Register Second register CRC check							
		registers	data	data				
1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes	2 bytes		2 bytes		
AA	0x03/0x06	ММ	VV0	VV1		сссс		
Address 0-247	0x03/0x06	big endian	big endian	big endian		little-endian		

## 4.1.2 Register Address Definition

Register	Address	Name	values range	Number of	Register	Note	
type	Address	Nume	values lange	registers	status	Note	
	0x0000	Air temperature	-40000~85000	2	R		
	0x0002	Air humidity	0~100000	2	R		
	0x0004	barometric pressure	3000000~125000000	2	R		
	0x0006	Light intensity	0~188000000	2	R		
	0x0008	Minimum wind direction	0~360000	2	R	big endian Data format int32	
Input register	0x000A	Maximum wind direction	0~360000	2	R	Divide the data value by	
	0x000C	Average wind direction	0~360000	2	R	1000 to get the true measurements	
	0x000E	Minimum wind speed	0~60000	2	R		
	0x0010	Maximum wind speed	0~60000	2	R		
	0x0012	Average wind	0~60000	2	R		





		speed				
	0.0014	Accumulated	0.00000			
	0x0014	rainfall	0~80000	2	R	
	0x0016	Accumulated	0~2000000	2	R	
	0,0010	rainfall duration	02000000	2	K	
	0x0018	Rain intensity	0-80000	2	R	
	0x001A	Maximum rainfall intensity	0-80000	2	R	
	0x1000	Device address		1	R/W	The default address is 1
					.,,,,	Can be set to 1 - 247
						The default is 96, which
						means 9600.
						It can be set to:
						12=1200
						24=2400
	0x1001	Baud rate		1	R/W	48=4800
						96=9600
						192=19200
						384=38400
Lading						576=57600
Holding register						1152=115200
register	0x2000	Set the		1	R/W	Write 1 to set accumulated
		accumulated				rainfall to 0. Read back 1 to
		rainfall to 0				confirm that the setting is
						finished. Read back 0
						indicates that the setting
						failed
		Set the				Write 1 to set accumulated
	0x2001	accumulated		1	R/W	rainfall duration to 0. Read
		rainfall duration to 0				back 1 to confirm that the
						setting is finished. Read back
						0 indicates that the setting
						failed

## 4.1.3 Modbus-RTU Read

Here is an example of the Modbus Poll tool

(download from https://www.modbustools.com/download.html).





📲 Modbus Poll - Mbpoll1
-------------------------

Mbpo	111			
x = 0: E o conn	rr = 0: ID = 1: F = 03: ection	R = 1000ms		
	Alias 0	0000	<u> </u>	
)		o		
		0		
		0		
1		0		
		0		
5		0		
5		0		
		0		
		0		
		0	× .	

Configuration connection parameters: Baud rate 9600bps, 8 Data bits, None Parity, 1 Stop bits.

Modbus Poll - Mbpoll1 File Edit Connection Setup				×
D      D     D    D		16         17         22         23         TC         Image: Connection Setup         Image: Connection Setup         X           Connection         OK         OK         Image: Connection Setup         X           Serial Port         Canneel         Canneel         Image: Connection Setup         Image: Connection		
2 3 4 5 6 7	0 0 0 0 0	USB-SERIAL CH340 (CDM14) Mode 9600 Baud B Data bits None Parity 1 Stop Bit Advanced 200 [ms]		
8	0	Remote Modbus Server       IP Address or Node Name       127.0.0.1       Server Port.       Connect Timeout       §1Pv4       502       3000       [ms]       IPv6		
For Help, press F1.		Port 14: 9600-8-N-1		1.1

Read the air temperature register 0x0000 to 0x0001, click Setup, and select Read/Write

#### Definition

មិ្ន Modbus Poll - Mbpo	oll1			
File Edit Connection	Setup Functions Display V	iew Window H	lelp	
D 🗃 🖬 🎒 🗙	Read/Write Definition Read/Write Once Read/Write Disabled	F8 F6 Shift+F6	2 23 TC 🛛 🕿 🤋 🎀	- • ×
Tx = 0: Err = 0: ID = No connection Name	Excel Log Excel Logging Off	<mark>Alt+X</mark> Alt+Q		
0	Log Logging Off	Alt+L Alt+O		
2 3	Reset Counters Reset All Counters	F12 Shift+F12		
4 5	Use as Default 0			
6 7	0			
8	0			





Set the default slave ID to 1, function code 04, starting address 0, quantity 2

Mbpoll1	Read/Write Definition X
x = 0: Err = 0: ID = 1: F = 03: SR = 100 lo connection 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 0 7 8 9 0 0 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	

Now the computer reads the sensor data every 1 second, and the measurement (line 0 and line

1) is shown in below picture, after dividing the measurement by 1000, it is the true temperature

value, 28300/1000 = 28.3 °C

Modbus Poll - Mbpoll1	6												-		×
File Edit Connection Se	etup Functions Display View	w Window Help													
	1   A   05 06 15 16 17 22 23   T	rc 🗉 📰 💡 😽													
Mbpoll1	- O X	Communicati	on Tra	ffic											×
Tx = 20: Err = 0: ID = 1:	F = 04: SR = 1000ms	Ext	Conti	nue	1	Cie	ar		ļ	Save	Сору	Log	Stop on Error	Time	stamp
Name 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9	00000 0 28300	Tx:00000-01 Rx:00001-01 Rx:00002-01 Rx:000004-01 Rx:00005-01 Rx:00005-01 Rx:00007-01 Rx:00007-01 Rx:00009-01	04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04	04 00 04 00 04 00 04 00	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	6E 02 6E 02 6E 02 6E 02	8C 71 8C 71 8C 71 8C 71 8C 71	D6 CB D6 CB D6 CB D6 CB	41 41 41					

On the right, you can check the raw sent and received data packages.

When the temperature is positive:

- 1. Host sends 01 04 00 00 00 02 71 CB
- 2. Slave responses 01 04 04 00 00 6E 8C D6 41
- 3. Return temperature data 0x00006E8C (Hex), converted to decimal = 28300, get the

corresponding air temperature by dividing through 1000, air temperature = 28300/1000 =





### 28.3 °C

### When the temperature is negative:

The temperature needs to be obtained through a complement calculation.

- 1. Host sends 01 04 00 00 00 02 71 CB
- 2. Slave responses 01 04 04 FF FF FC 18 D6 41
- 3. Returned temperature data FFFFFC18H (Hex complement).
- 4. The original code is (FF FF FC 18-1 = FF FF FC 17) = 80 00 03 E8(Hex) = -1000 (Decimal).
- 5. Then the temperature measurement is  $-1000/1000 = -1^{\circ}$





## 4.2 ASCII Protocol

## 4.2.1 Command definition

Α	Device address, 0 by default				
ХА	Starter, fixed value				
;	The separator used to distinguish multiple commands				
	A command, represented by different strings				
? A query term used to query values					
=	Assignment, which is used to set the value				
v	The argument, the specific value of the parameter is set				
m	Sensor measurement				
&	Sensor measurements combine character for getting or setting				
а 	multiple measurement parameters				
<cr><lf> Response terminator</lf></cr>					

### **Terms Explanation**

Command	Represented by different strings, such as BD for Baud rate and CP for				
Command	communication protocol				
	A Data List contains multiple sensor measurement types, represented				
Data List	by an abbreviation of G0.				
	For example, G0 contains several test types:				
	AT;AH;AP;LX;DN;DM;DA;SN;SM;SA;RA;RD;RI;RP;HT;TILT				





## 4.2.2 Query Command Format

Commands come in two formats:

#### **1.** A command without = refers to the basic query method.



*Example:* ?<*CR*><*LF*> *indicates query the device' s address* 

#### 2. A command with = refers to a query with an argument



*Example: 0XA;BD=?<CR><LF> indicates query the device' s baud rate* 

## 4.2.3 Setting Command Format



*Example: 0XA;BD=96<CR><LF> indicates query the device' s baud rate* 

### 4.2.4 Command List

#### Device info queries and related commands settings

Query De	vice address	?	
Send         ? <cr><lf>           Query         Response         0XA<cr><lf< th=""></lf<></cr></lf></cr>		? <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
		0XA <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Description	The default response address is 0	
Query ba	ud rate	BD	
Query	Send	0XA; BD=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>	





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	Response	0XA; BD=96 <cr></cr>	0XA; BD=96 <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
	Description	The baud rate for	device 0 is 9,600							
	Send	0XA; BD=[bd] <cf< td=""><td colspan="7">0XA; BD=[bd]<cr><lf></lf></cr></td></cf<>	0XA; BD=[bd] <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
	Response	0XA; BD=[bd] <cr><lf></lf></cr>								
Cotting		Return the Baud r	Return the Baud rate of device 0 is [bd], it could be 96 for 9600; 192 for 19200, 384 for 38400;							
Setting	Description	576 for 57600; an	d 1152 for 115200.							
	Description	For example, the	return value 0XA;BD=96 represents th	ne successful setting of a Baud rate of						
		9,600								
Commun	ication protocol	СР								
	Send	0XA; CP=? <cr>&lt;</cr>	LF>							
	Response	0XA; CP=[cp] <cr< td=""><td>&gt; <lf></lf></td><td></td></cr<>	> <lf></lf>							
		[cp] Represents th	e code of the communication protoc	ol, the device supports multiple						
		communication p	rotocols.							
		1	SDI-12							
		2	RS-232 Modbus-RTU							
Query		3	RS-485 Modbus-RTU							
	Description	4	RS-422 Modbus-RTU							
		5	RS-232 ASCII							
		6	RS-485 ASCII							
		7	RS-422 ASCII							
		Response 0XA;CP	=3 <cr><lf> means that the data co</lf></cr>	ommunication protocol of device 0 is						
		Modbus-RTU protocol based on the RS-485 bus								
	Send	0XA; CP=[cp] <cf< td=""><td>&lt;&gt;<lf></lf></td><td></td></cf<>	<> <lf></lf>							
<b>c</b>	Response	0XA; CP=[cp] <cf< td=""><td colspan="7">0XA; CP=[cp] <cr><lf></lf></cr></td></cf<>	0XA; CP=[cp] <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
Setting	Description	Set the communic	ation protocol of device 0 to [cp], if [	[cp] is 6, the communication protocol is set						
	Description	to ASCII text protocol based on the RS-485 bus								
R	S-485 address	MBAD								
	Send	0XA; MBAD=? <cf< td=""><td>₹&gt; <lf></lf></td><td></td></cf<>	₹> <lf></lf>							
Query	Response	0XA; MBAD=1 <c< td=""><td>R&gt;<lf></lf></td><td></td></c<>	R> <lf></lf>							
	Description	The RS-485 addre	ss of device 0 is 1 (decimal)							
	Send	0XA; MBAD=2 <c< td=""><td>R&gt;<lf></lf></td><td></td></c<>	R> <lf></lf>							
Setting	Response	0XA; MBAD=2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>								
Description Set the address of device 0 to 2 (decimal)										
RS-485 baud rate MBBD										
	Send	0XA; MBBD=? <cf< th=""><th colspan="5">D=?<cr><lf></lf></cr></th></cf<>	D=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
Query	Response	0XA; MBBD=96<0	CR> <lf></lf>							
	Description	The RS-485 com	The RS-485 communication baud rate for device 0 is 9,600							
	Send	0XA; MBBD=[bd	] <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
Setting	Response	0XA; MBBD=[bd	] <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
	Description	Return device 0'	s RS-485 communication baud rate is	[bd]: it can be 96 for 9600, 192 for 19200,						





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	1								
		384 for 38400, 576 for 57600, and 1152 for 115200.							
		For example, the return val	ue is 0XA;MBBD=96 represents the successful setting of the baud rate						
		of 9,600							
Device Na	ame	NA							
	Send	0XA; NA=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
Query	Response	0XA; NA=SenseCAP ONE S700 <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
	Description	Device name is: SenseCAP ONE S700							
	Send	0XA; NA=[na] <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
Setting	Response	0XA; NA=[na] <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
	Description	Set the new device name to	o [na], and the character length limitation is 64 bytes						
Γ	Device model	ТР							
	Send	0XA; TP=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
Query	Response	0XA; TP=SenseCAP ONE S	700 <cr><lf></lf></cr>						
	Description	The device model is Sense	CAP ONE \$700						
D	Device version	VE							
	Send	0XA; VE=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
-	Response	0XA; VE=HW-1.0&SW-2.08	2S1-2.2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>						
Query		Device hardware(HW) is v1	Device hardware(HW) is v1.0, the software firmware(SW) is v2.0, and the #1 driver board						
	Description	firmware is v2.2							
Devi	ce serial number	S/N							
	Send	0XA; S/N=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
Query	Response	0XA; S/N=1019906922012011 <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
	Description	S/N represents the serial n	umber of the device						
Pr	oduction date	MD							
	Send	0XA; MD=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
Query	Response	0XA; MD=20201027 <cr></cr>	0XA; MD=20201027 <cr><lf></lf></cr>						
	Description	The production date of the	e return device is October 27, 2020, 20201027						
Rest	ore configuration	RESTORE							
	Send	0XA; RESTORE=1 <cr><lf< td=""><td>&gt;</td></lf<></cr>	>						
Setting	Response	0XA; RESTORE=1 <cr><lf< td=""><td>&gt;</td></lf<></cr>	>						
	Description	Return 0XA; RESTORE=1 m	eans the setting is successful and return 0XA means the setting fails.						
Elec	ctronic Compass	СС							
	Send	0XA;CC=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
	Response	0XA;CC=[cc] <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
		[cc] Electronic Compass off	iset state						
Query		Y	Enable Electronic Compass						
	Description	N	Disable Electronic Compass						
		С	Enable Geomagnetic compensation						
	Send	0XA;CC=Y <cr><lf></lf></cr>							
	Response								
Setting	Description	Enable Electronic Compass							
	Send	0XA;CC=N <cr><lf></lf></cr>							





	Description	Disable Electronic Compass	
	Send	0XA;CC=C <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Response	0XA;CC=C <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Description	Enable Geomagnetic compensation, it will start the 30s compensation process, during this time,	
	Description	the device should be placed horizontally, and rotate evenly along the Z-axis for 1-2 rounds.	
	Tilt Detect	TD	
	Send	0XA;TD=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
0	Response	0XA;TD=Y/N <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Query	Description	Y: Enable tilt detection function	
	Description	N: Disable tile detection function	
	Send	0XA;TD=Y <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Response	0XA;TD=Y <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Description	Set to enable tilt detection function: TILT=0 means the device is placed vertically, TILT=1 means	
Setting	Description	the device is placed not placed upright.	
	Send	0XA;TD=N <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Response	0XA;TD=N <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Description	Disable tile detection function: the TILT always equals 0 when the device is placed at any position.	
	Heating	нс	
	Send	0XA; HC =? <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
0	Response	0XA; HC =Y/N <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Query		Y: Enable heating function	
	Description	N: Disable heating function	
	Send	0XA;HC=Y <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Response	0XA;HC=Y <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
		Set to enable heating function.	
		When the air temperature is between $[5^{\circ}C, -25^{\circ}C]$ , the equipment starts to heat up, and the heating	
Setting	Description	plate heating temperature can go up to 40°C	
		When the air temperature is greater than 5°C or less than -25°C, the equipment stops heating.	
		Note: the heating function need extra dedicate 12V-2A power sourcing	
	Send	0XA;HC=N <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Response	0XA;HC=N <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
F	Description	Set to enable heating function.	

### Command to read sensor data.

For quick reading of all measurements, G0 is the command.

Read all measurements		G0
	Send	0XA; G0? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
0	Description	0XA;AT=23.6;AH=56.4;AP=100819.1;LX=93.0;DN=0.0;DM=0.0;DA=0.0;SN=0.0;SM=0.0;SA=0.0;RA
Query	Response	=1.4;RD=60.0;RI=0.0;RP=0.0;HT=-38.4;TILT=0.0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	Returns the value of all measurement parameters





Group Name	Measurement	Name Unit			
	Contains all combinations of measurement parameters				
	AT	Air temperature	°C (default), °F		
	АН	Air humidity	%RH		
	AP	Barometric pressure	Pa (default), hPa, bar, mmHg, inHg		
	LX	Light intensity	Lux		
	DN	Minimum wind direction	deg		
G0	Dm	Maximum wind direction	deg		
	DA	Average wind direction	deg		
	SN	Minimum wind speed	m/s (default), km/h, mph, knots		
	SM	Maximum wind speed	m/s (default), km/h, mph, knots		
	SA	Average wind speed	m/s (default), km/h, mph, knots		
	RA	Accumulated rainfall	mm (default), in		
	RD	Duration of rainfall	s		
	RI	Rainfall intensity	mm/h (default), in/h		
	Rp	Maximum rainfall intensity	mm/h (default), in/h		
	HT	Heating temperature	°C		
	TILT	Fall detection			

### Modify the Properties of Measurement Parameters

Properties represent some characteristics of the measured data, such as the unit of output

temperature and the interval between data updates.

Temperature and Humidity		IB
Data Update Interval		ID
	Send	0XA;IB=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query	Response	0XA;IB=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	The default data updates every 1 second
	Send	0XA;IB=2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting	Response	0XA;IB=2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	Set the data update interval to 2 seconds, you can choose a value between 1 to 3600 seconds.
Air Temperature Unit		UT
	Send	0XA; UT=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query	Return	0XA; UT=C <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	The temperature unit is Celsius
	Send	0XA; UT=F <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Set up	Response	0XA; UT=F <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	Set the air temperature unit to Fahrenheit.
		C=°C, F=°F
Barometric Pressure Unit		UP



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	Send	0XA; UP=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Query	Response	0XA; UP=P <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Description	The unit is Pa.	
	Send	0XA; UP=H <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Response	0XA; UP=H <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Set up		Set the unit to hPa.	
	Description	P = Pa, H = hPa, B = bar, M = mmHg, I=inHg	
Wind Spe	ed & Direction Data		
Update Ir	nterval	IW	
	Send	0XA; IW=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Query	Response	0XA; IW=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Description	The default data updates every 1 second.	
	Send	0XA; IW=2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Set up	Response	0XA; IW=2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Description	Set the data update interval to 2 seconds, you can choose a value between 1 to 3600 seconds.	
Wind spe	ed & direction		
average t	ime window	AW	
	Send	0XA; AW=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
•	Response	0XA; AW=5 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Query	Description	The default average update interval for wind speed & direction data is 5 seconds.	
	Description	The device collects wind speed & direction in 5s intervals and then averages the value.	
	Send	0XA; AW=10 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Setting	Response	0XA; AW=10 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Description	Set the data update interval to 10 seconds, you can choose a value between 1 to 3600 seconds	
Wind Spe	ed Unit	US	
	Send	0XA; US=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Query	Response	0XA; US=M <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Description	The default wind speed unit is m/s	
	Send	0XA; US=K <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Catting	Response	0XA; US=K <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Setting	Description	Set unit to km/h	
	Description	M = m/s, K = km/h, S = mph, N = knots	
The wind	direction offset		
correction	n value	DO	
	Send	0XA;DO=? <cr> <lf></lf></cr>	
Query	Response	0XA; DO=0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Description	The default correction angle for the wind direction is 0.	
	Send	0XA; DO=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Response	0XA; DO=1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Setting		Set the wind direction offset to +10°, if the current wind direction is 280°, the corrected wind	
	Description	direction is 290 degrees.	
		The wind correction range is -180° to 180°	
Rainfall D	ata Update Interval	IR	





	Send	0XA;IR=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query	Response	0XA;IR=10 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	The default rain data update interval is 10 seconds.
	Send	0XA;IR=60 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Response	0XA;IR=60 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting		Set the data update interval to 60seconds.
	Description	The interval range is 10 to 3600 seconds.
Rainfall U	nit	UR
	Send	0XA; UR=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query	Response	0XA; UR=M <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	The default rainfall unit is mm
	Send	0XA; UR=I <cr><lf></lf></cr>
<b>C</b>	Response	0XA; UR=I <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting	Description	Set the units of rainfall to inches
	Description	M = mm, I = inch.
Rainfall C	ounter Reset Mode	CR
	Send	0XA; CR=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query	Response	0XA; CR=M <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Description	Rain counter reset mode is by manual M
	Send	0XA; CR=L <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Response	0XA; CR=L <cr><lf></lf></cr>
		Set the counter reset mode to overflow reset, and you can select the modes as:
Cotting		M: Manual reset, reset immediately after sending the reset command (the reset command is
Setting	Description	available under all three communication protocols, as detailed in the different protocol sections).
	Description	A: Post-read reset (accumulated rainfall and accumulated rainfall time are performed separately
		after reading reset)
		L: Overflow reset
Accumula	ted rainfall overflow	AL
value		
	Send	0XA; AL=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Response	0XA; AL=80000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Query		The default accumulated rainfall overflow value is 80000, which is measured in the current
Query	Description	rainfall unit.
	Description	This overflow value takes effect only if the CR rainfall counter reset mode is set to ${f L}$ overflow
		reset.
	Send	0XA; AL=1000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting	Response	0XA; AL=1000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Setting	Description	When the rainfall is set to 1000 (current unit), the accumulated rainfall will be reset to 0.
		The overflow value range is 10-80000 (current unit).
Accumulated rainfall duration		DL
overflow	value	
Query	Send	0XA; DL=? <cr><lf></lf></cr>
/	Response	0XA; DL=2000000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>





s L overflow	
Set the rainfall duration overflow value to 3600 seconds.	





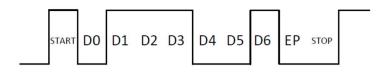
# 4.3 **SDI-12**

SDI-12 communication adopts three wires, two of which are sensor power supply wires and the other is SDI-12 signal wire.

Each sensor on the SDI-12 bus has a unique address, which can be set to '0', '1' ~ '9', 'A' ~ 'Z', 'A' ~ 'Z'. The SDI-12 address of the SenseCAP ONE defaults to '0'. The instructions supported by this sensor are shown in the next chapter, where each instruction conforms to the SDI-12 v1.4.

The sensor is powered by a DC power supply of 3.6~16V. After the sensor is powered on, it will go into sleep mode immediately and wait for the data acquisition equipment to give instructions. SDI-12 uses baud rate 9600bps, 1 start bit (high level), 7 data bits (high 0 and low 1, anti-logic), 1 even parity bit, and 1 stop bit.

The sequence of each byte sent is shown in the following figure:



## 4.3.1 SDI-12 command and response

### **Command format**

- Start with device address 'a', it is '0' in the following sample.
- End with '!' as a terminator
- The response command end with the <CR><LF>

Query the device address	?!
Send	?!
Response	0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Description	The sensor at address '0' responded to the query
Query the device	0!
status	
Send	0!
Response	0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Description	Address '0' of device online
Query the device	0!!
information	
Send	0!!



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	· .			
014SenseCAPONE3	8.01019906922104001 <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
Response the device information				
acccccccmmmvvvxxxxxxxxxxxx< <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
а	Device address: 0			
14	SDI-12 protocol version :v1.4	-		
ccccccc	Product: SenseCAP	-		
		_		
		_		
07101				
0A1!				
1 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Device address 0 is	changed to 1. The address range is 0-9、A-Z、a-z			
0M!	<u> </u>			
0M!				
Immediately respor	nse: 00024 <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
After 2s, the response device' s address, means finishing the measurement.: 0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
pressure, illuminance, but the sensor will not reply to the measurement data immediately after				
receiving this command, but the time required to reply the measurement data and the number				
After using this command, the sensor will enter a sleep mode after the measurement to save				
power consumption. After using "continuous measurement command 0R0!0R9!", it will exit the				
low power consumption state.				
	Device address:0			
ttt	The time expense to measure data, the unit is			
n	The number of measurements			
0M1!0M9!				
0Mn! (n ranges 0~9)				
Immediately response: 00024 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
After 2s, the response device' s address, means finishing the measurement.: 0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
0M1!: Start Wind m	neasurement: minimum wind direction, maximum v	vind direction, average		
wind direction, minimum wind speed, maximum wind speed, average wind speed.				
0M2!: Start Rain measurement: accumulated rainfall, accumulated rainfall time, rainfall				
intensity, maximum rainfall intensity.				
intensity, maximum	n rainfall intensity.			
-	n rainfall intensity. easurement: PM2.5, PM10.			
	Response the device         accccccccmmmvvv         14         cccccccc         mmm         vvv         xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	a       Device address: 0         14       SDI-12 protocol version :v1.4         cccccccc       Product: SenseCAP         mmm       Device series: ONE         vvv       Software version: 3.0         xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		





	1			
0M4!0M8!: reserved.				
	After using this command, the sensor will enter a sleep mode after the measurement to save			
	power consumption. After using "continuous measurement command 0R0!0R9!", it with			
	low power consumption state.			
	For the definition of reply, please refer to "Start measurement command 0M!"			
Read	0D0!0D9!			
measurement				
value				
Send	0D0!			
Response	0+27.65+65.81+	100000+5000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	This command is	used to obtain a set of measurement data in the sensor. The sensor responds		
	with the measure	ment data. If all the desired measurement data is not returned in 0D0!, you can		
	continue to send	0D1!, 0D2!, etc., until all the measurement data is received.		
	The response for	mat is defined as follows:		
	a <values><cr></cr></values>	<lf></lf>		
	а	Device address:0		
	<values></values>	This the real measurement value.		
Description		pd.d		
		p is the polarity symbol.		
		the first d is the number before the decimal point.		
		the second d is the data after the decimal point.		
		Note that the decimal point is not necessary.		
		In this example, "+27.65" is the first measurement data, "+65.81" is the		
		second measurement data, "+100000" is the third measurement data,		
		and "+5000" is the fourth measurement data.		
Continuous	0R0!0R9!			
measurement				
command				
Send	0R0!			
Response	0+27.65+65.81+	100000+5000 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	This is different	from "start measurement command 0M!", the measurement value can be		
	returned directly. Each "continuous measurement command" is an independent measurement			
	process, for example, 0R0! and 0R1! are not required before 0R2!.			
	0R0!: Start contin	0R0!: Start continuous THPL measurement: air temperature, air humidity, atmospheric pressure,		
	light intensity.			
	0R1!: Start Wind continuous measurement: minimum wind direction, maximum wind direction,			
Description	average wind direction, minimum wind speed, maximum wind speed, average wind speed.			
	0R2!: Start Rain measurement: accumulated rainfall, accumulated rainfall time, rainfall intensity,			
	maximum rainfall	intensity.		
	0R3!: Start Dust c	ontinuous measurement: PM2.5, PM10.		
	0R9!: Start anoth	er Continuous measurement: heating temperature, dumping status.		
	0R4!0R8!: reserv			
	If the sensor was in a low-power working state before, after using this command, the sensor will			

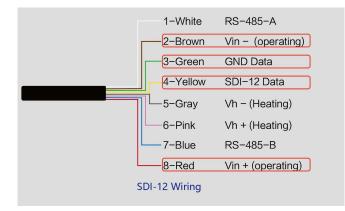




	exit the low-power working state.		
Start Measurement	aMC!,aMC1!aMC9!,aRC0!aRC9!		
with CRC			
Send	0RC0!		
Response	0+26.52+67.73+	-100280+35JKy	
	To enhance the	error detection capability of the SDI-12 protocol, "sta	rt measurement
	command 0M!",	"extended measurement command 0M1!0M9!" and	l "continuous
Description	measurement co	ommand 0R0!0R9!" can add 16-bit cyclic redundanc	y check. Add the
Description	character C after	r the command character M or R of these commands	to form a new command:
	aMC!,aMC1!aN	1C9!,aRC0!aRC9!.	
	For the calculati	on of CRC-16, please refer to the SDI-12 protocol v1.	4 document.
Clear accumulated	0XCRA!		
rainfall command			
Send	0XCRA!		
Response	01 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	aN <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Description	а	Device address:0	
Description	N	Clear success: 1	
		Clear failed: 0	
Clear accumulated	0XCRD!		
rainfall duration			
Send	0XCRD!		
Response	01 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	aN <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Description	а	Device address:0	
Description	Ν	Clear success: 1	
		Clear failed: 0	

# 4.3.2 SDI-12 Read

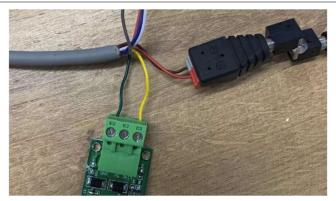
Wiring the SDI-12



### Use USB to SDI-12 debugger to communicate with the device







### The communication settings:

Format         1 start bits, 7 data bits, Even parity, 1 stop bits	
Baud rate	1200bps
Device address	0x00

Connect the green wire (GND Data) and yellow wire (SDI-12 Data) to the USB to SDI-12 debugger.

And connect the red wire (Vin+ power positive) and brown wire (Vin- power ground) to the 12V

power supply.

Download the serial port debugging assistant: https://github.com/Neutree/COMTool, and then

open the serial port debugging tool.

- Choose the correct port number
- Set the baud rate to the baud rate of the USB to SDI-12 debugger (note that it is not the baud

rate of the SDI-12 protocol)

- Check the "CRLF"
- Click to open the serial port.
- Send the query device address command "?!", if you can see the response "0", it means the connection is OK.





COMTool V1.7					22		×
K = 0	1				ASCII	~	<
Serial Settings -		0					
Port COM5	4 USB 🗸						
Baudrate 9600							
DataBytes 8	~						
Parity None	$\checkmark$						
Stopbits 1	<b>~</b>						
rts di	r						
CLOS	E						
Receive Settings					 		
🔵 ASCII 🖉	HEX	?!			0	learRec	eive
Linefeed (ms)	200						
Send Settings	HEX						
C1 11 1	300					Send	
<pre>CRLF&gt;</pre>		21					
Ready Send(b	ytes):2		Receive (byt	:es):3			

### Start Measurement

Read air temperature, air humidity, barometric pressure, light intensity

Send the "start measurement command 0M!", the sensor first responds with "00024", which means that the "0M!" command takes 2 seconds to measure and returns 4 measured values. After 2 seconds, the sensor responds with its own address "0", indicating that the measurement has been completed.

COMTool V1.7	- □ :
< 🕈 🔞	ascii 🔽 🔀
Serial Settings 00024	
Port COM54 U	
Baudrate 9600 🗸	
DataBytes 8	
Parity None 💙	
Stopbits 1	
rts dtr	
CLOSE	
Receive Settings	
Auto Linefeed 200 (ms)	ClearReceive
Auto Linefeed 200 (as) Send Settings	ClearReceive
Auto Linefeed 200	ClearReceive
Auto Linefeed 200 (ms) Send Settings ASCII HEX Scheduled	

Then send " Read measurement value command 0D0!" to get the 4 measured values of this





measurement, which are air temperature +27.01°C, air humidity 64.74%, barometric pressure

100720Pa, and light intensity 10Lux.

COMTool V1.7	- □ >
< 👕 🔞	ASCII 🗸
Serial Settings 00024	
Port COM54 U	
Baudrate 9600	
DataBytes 8	
Parity Nome	
Stopbits 1	
rts dtr	
CLOSE	
Receive Settings	
Auto	ClearReceive
Auto Linefeed 200 (ms)	·
Send Settings ASCII HEX Scheduled Send(ms) 300	Send
ASCII HEX	Send

Use extended measurement command 0M1! to read minimum wind direction, maximum wind direction, average wind direction, minimum wind speed, maximum wind speed, average wind speed. The device responds with "00056", which means that the "0M1!" command takes 5 seconds to measure and returns 6 measured values. After 5 seconds, the device responds with its own address "0", indicating that the measurement has been completed.

COMTool V1.7	
< 👕 🕜 🔡	ASCII 🗸 🗸
Serial Settings 00056	
Port COM54 U	
Baudrate 9600 🗸	
DataBytes 8	
Parity None	
Stopbits 1	
rts dtr	
CLOSE	
Receive Settings	
ASCII HEX OM1!	ClearReceive
Auto Linefeed 200 (ms)	·
Send Settings	
ASCII IN HEX	
	Send
ASCII     ASCII     Scheduled	Send





Then send " Read measurement value command 0D0!" to get the 6 measured values of this measurement, which are minimum wind direction 345.9 degrees, maximum wind direction 347.5 degrees, average wind direction 346.3 degrees, minimum wind speed 2.8m/s, and maximum wind speed 2.8m. /s, average wind speed 2.8m/s.

COMTool V	/1.7		- 0
< 👕	0		ascii 🗸 🔀
Serial Sett	ings	00056	
Port	COM54 U 🗸	0+345.9+347.5+346.3+2.8+2.8+2.8	
Baudrate	9600 🗸		
DataBytes	8 🗸		
Parity	None 🗸		
Stopbits	1		
rts	dtr		
0	CLOSE		
Receive Set	tings		
ASCII	HEX	000!	ClearReceive
Auto Linefe (ms)	ad 200		(Energy and a second second
Send Settin			
ASCII	HEX		
Schedul Send(m:			Send
		opo!	
CRLF>		- ODU;	

Then send "continuous measurement command 0R2!, the device returns 4 measured values: cumulative rainfall 1.2mm, cumulative rainfall duration 20 seconds, rainfall intensity 1.2mm/h, maximum rainfall intensity 72.0mm/h.

COMTool V1.7		- 0
< 20		ASCII 🗸
Serial Settings	0+1.2+20+1.2+72.0	
Port COM54 U	$\checkmark$	
Baudrate 9600		
DataBytes 8	$\sim$	
Parity None		
Stopbits 1		
rts dtr		
CLOSE		
Receive Settings		
ASCII HEX Auto Linefeed 200	OR2!	ClearReceive
(ms)		
Send Settings		
<ul> <li>ASCII</li> <li>HEX</li> <li>Scheduled</li> <li>Send(ms)</li> <li>300</li> </ul>		Send
CRLF>	0R2!	
idy Send(bytes)	Receive(bytes):19	





# 6 Error code

# 6.1 Modbus error code

Error code	Description	Response instance
0x01	Device do not response	01 84 01 82 C0
0x04	Sensor probe exception	01 84 04 42 C3

# 6.2 ASCII error code

Error code	Description	Response instance
0	Command do not exist	0XA;=#0
1	Device do not response	0XA;AT=#1
3	The command length exceeds the limit, it	0XA;=#3
	needs to be reduced	
4	Sensor probe exception	0XA;AT=#4

# 6.3 SDI-12 error code

Error code	Description	Response instance
2001001	Device do not response	0+2001001+2001001+2001001+2001001 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
2001004	Sensor probe exception	0+2001004+2001004+2001004+2001004 <cr><lf></lf></cr>

