Nisshinbo Micro Devices Inc.

NC2600 series

2A Low Quiescent Current PWM/PFM Step-down Switching Regulator

FEATURES

- Input Voltage Range (Maximum Rating):
- 2.3 V to 5.5 V (6.5 V) -40 °C to 85 °C **Operating Temperature Range:**
- Output Voltage Range:
- Fixed Output Voltage Type: 0.6 V to 3.3 V Adjustable Output Voltage Type: 0.6 V to 5.5 V
- Output Voltage Accuracy: ±1.5% (V_{SET} ≥ 1.2 V)
 - ±18 mV (V_{SET} < 1.2 V)
- Feedback Voltage Accuracy: ±9 mV Typ. 17 µA
- Quiescent Current:
- Switching Frequency: Typ.4.0 MHz (V_{SET} = 1.8 V)
- UVLO Detection Voltage: Typ.2.0 V •
- Soft-Start Time: Typ. 0.15 ms When CSS is open.
- Thermal Shutdown Function: •
 - Detection Temperature Typ. 150 °C
 - Release Temperature Typ. 120 °C
- Auto Discharge Function Latch Protection Function •

APPLICATIONS

- Portable Communication Devices: Mobile Phones / • Smartphones
- **Digital Cameras and Note-PCs**
- Li-ion Battery-used Equipment

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NC2600 is a low quiescent current PWM / PFM 2A step-down switching regulator IC using CMOSbased.

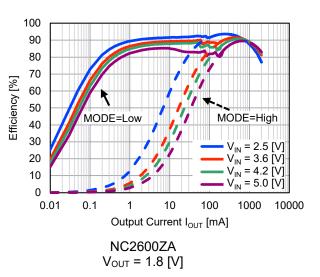
The NC2600 is available in WLCSP-8-P11 and DFN2020-8-GT, and it is suitable for use in wearable and IoT devices that require miniaturization and longlifetime of battery.

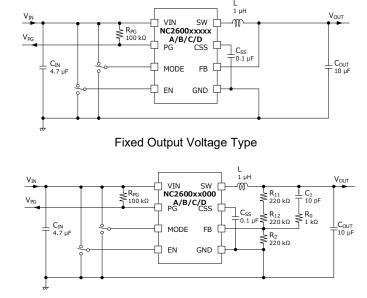
WLCSP-8-P11 1.62 x 0.98 x 0.4 (mm)



DFN2020-8-GT 2.0 x 2.0 x 0.6 (mm) (Under Development)

EFFICIENCY TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS





Adjustable Output Voltage Type (V_{SET} = 1.8V)



Datasheet

PRODUCT NAME INFORMATION

NC2600 aa bbb c dd e

Description of configuration

Composition	Item	Description
aa	Package Code	Indicates the package. Refer to the order information.
bbb	Output Voltage	Set Output Voltage (V_{SET}) Adjustable Output Voltage Type (000) The internal fixed output voltage type has a lineup of main voltages in the range of 0.6 V (060) to 3.3 V (330).
С	Version	Indicates the selection of auto discharge function and latch protection function.
dd	Packing	Refer to the packing specifications.
е	Grade	Indicates the quality grade.

Version

С	Latch Protection Function	Auto Discharge Function
А	Yes	Yes
В	Yes	No
С	No	Yes
D	No	No

Grade

е	Applications	Operating Temperature Range	Test Temperature
S	Consumer	−40 °C to 85 °C	25 °C

ORDER INFORMATION

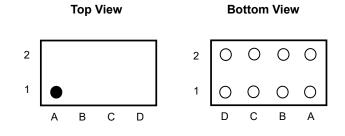
PRODUCT NAME	PACKAGE	RoHS	HALOGEN- FREE	PLATING COMPOSITION	MARKING	WEIGHT (mg)	Quantity per Reel(pcs)
NC2600ZA bbbc E2S	WLCSP-8-P11	Yes	Yes	Sn3Ag0.5Cu	<u>Reference</u>	1.1	5000
NC2600GT bbbc E4S*	DFN2020-8-GT	Yes	Yes	Sn	Reference	TBD	3000

*NC2600GT is under development.

Click here for details.



PIN DESCRIPTIONS



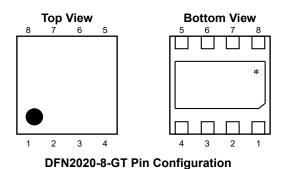
WLCSP-8-P11 Pin Configuration

NC2600ZA (WLCSP-8-P11) Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Description
A1	VIN	Power	Power Supply Input Pin
B1	SW	0	Switching Output Pin Internal MOSFET Drain Connect the inductor between the VOUT node and the SW pin.
C1	EN	Ι	Enable Pin Can set the active state with the "High" input and the shutdown state with the "Low" input.
D1	PG	0	Power-good Output Pin NMOS open drain output. In normal operation, "High" (pull-up voltage) is output.
A2	GND	-	Ground Pin
B2	CSS	I	Soft-Start Adjustment Pin Soft-Start time can be adjusted by connecting a capacitor between the CSS pin and GND.
C2	MODE	I	Mode Control Pin High: Forced PWM Control, Low: PWM/PFM Auto Switching Control.
D2	FB	I	Feedback Pin When using NC2600xx000x (adjustable output voltage type), connect an external resistor as the feedback input pin for the error amplifier and set the output voltage. When using the internal fixed output voltage type, connect it to the VOUT node as an output voltage feedback pin.

For details, refer to "<u>TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT</u>" and "<u>THEORY OF OPERATION</u>".





* The tab on the bottom of the package is substrate level (GND). The tab must be connected to the ground plane on the board.

NC2600GT (DFN2020-8-GT) Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Description
1	GND	-	Ground pin
2	CSS	I	Soft-Start Adjustment Pin Soft-Start time can be adjusted by connecting a capacitor between the CSS pin and GND.
3	MODE	I	Mode Control Pin High: Forced PWM Control, Low: PWM/PFM Auto Switching Control.
4	FB	I	Feedback Pin When using NC2600xx000x (adjustable output voltage type), connect an external resistor as the feedback input pin for the error amplifier and set the output voltage. When using the internal fixed output voltage type, connect it to the VOUT node as an output voltage feedback pin.
5	PG	0	Power-good Output Pin NMOS open drain output. In normal operation, "High" (pull-up voltage) is output.
6	EN	I	Enable Pin Can set the active state with the "High" input and the shutdown state with the "Low" input.
7	SW	0	Switching Output Pin Internal MOSFET Drain Connect the inductor between the VOUT node and the SW pin.
8	VIN	Power	Power Supply Input Pin

For details, refer to "TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT" and "THEORY OF OPERATION".



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3 to 6.5	V
SW pin voltage	Vsw	−0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3	V
EN pin voltage	V _{EN}	-0.3 to 6.5	V
CSS pin voltage	Vcss	-0.3 to 6.5	V
PG pin voltage	V _{PG}	-0.3 to 6.5	V
MODE pin voltage	VMODE	-0.3 to 6.5	V
FB pin voltage	V _{FB}	-0.3 to 6.5	V
Junction Temperature Range *1	Tj	-40 to 125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-55 to 125	°C

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage and may degrade the lifetime and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

^{*1} Calculate the power consumption of the IC from the operating conditions, and calculate the junction temperature with the thermal resistance.

Please refer to "<u>THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS</u>" for the thermal resistance under our measurement board conditions

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Package	Parameter	Measurement Result	Unit
WLCSP-8-P11	Thermal Resistance (θja)	131	
WLCSP-0-PTT	Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	38	°C/W
	Thermal Resistance (θja)	71	C/vv
DFN2020-8-GT	Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	33	

θja : Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

wit : Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter

The above values are reference data under measurement conditions based on JEDEC STD.51.

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE RATINGS

Parameter	Conditions	Protection Voltage
HBM	HBM : C = 100 pF, R = 1.5 kΩ	±2000 V
CDM	Direct CDM	±1000 V

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE RATINGS

The electrostatic discharge test is done based on JESD47.

In the HBM method, ESD is applied using the power supply pin and GND pin as reference pins.



RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Input Voltage	VIN	2.3 to 5.5	V
Operating Temperature Range	Ta	-40 to 85	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

NC2600xx060x to 330x (Internal Fixed Output Voltage Type)

 V_{IN} = 3.6V (V_{\text{SET}} \le 2.6V) or V_{\text{SET}} + 1 V (V_{\text{SET}} > 2.6V) unless otherwise specified. For parameter that do not describe the temperature condition, the MIN / MAX value under the condition of -40 °C \le T_a \le 85 °C is described.

Parameter	Symbol	Condit	ions	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit
		T 05 %O	V _{SET} ≥ 1.2 V	x 0.985	-	x 1.015	
Output Voltage	Vout	Ta = 25 °C	V _{SET} < 1.2 V	-0.018	-	+0.018	V
Switching Frequency	fosc	V _{MODE} =3.6 V		-	4.0	-	MHz
Quiescent Current	lq	$V_{FB} = V_{SET} \times 1.05,$ $V_{MODE} = 0 V$, no switching		-	17	25	μA
Shutdown current	Isd	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{EN} = 0 V		-	0	5	μA
EN "H" Input Current	I _{ENH}	$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 5.5 V$		-1	0	1	μA
EN "L" Input Current	I _{ENL}	$V_{IN} = 5.5 V, V_{EN} = 0$) V	-1	0	1	μA
MODE "H" Input Current	I _{MODEH}	$V_{IN} = V_{MODE} = 5.5$ \	/	-1	0	1	μA
MODE "L" Input Current	IMODEL	V_{IN} = 5.5 V, V_{MODE}	= 0 V	-1	0	1	μA
VFB "H" Input Current	I _{FBH}	$V_{IN} = V_{FB} = 5.5 V$,	V _{EN} = 0 V	-1	0	1	μA
VFB "L" Input Current	IFBL	V_{IN} = 5.5 V, V_{EN} =	V _{FB} = 0 V	-1	0	1	μA
On-resistance for Discharger	Rondis	NC2600xxxxxA/C		-	60	-	Ω
EN pin "H" Input Voltage	VENH	V _{IN} = 5.5 V		1.0	-	-	V
EN pin "L" Input Voltage	VENL	V _{IN} = 2.3 V		-	-	0.4	V
MODE "H" Input Voltage	VMODEH	V _{IN} = 5.5 V		1.0	-	-	V
MODE "L" Input Voltage	VMODEL	V _{IN} = 2.3 V		-	-	0.4	V
On-resistance of High Side	Ronh	Isw = 100 mA	NC2600ZA	-	0.13	-	Ω
MOSFET			NC2600GT	-	0.15	-	Ω
On-resistance of Low Side	P	L = 100 m A	NC2600ZA	-	0.09	-	Ω
MOSFET	Ronl	I _{sw} = 100 mA	NC2600GT	-	0.12	-	Ω
Soft-Start Time 1	t _{START1}	CSS = OPEN		-	150	300	μs
Soft-Start Time 2	tstart2	CSS = 0.1 µF		15	30	45	ms
SW Current Limit	ISWLIM			2.3	-	4.7	А
Protection Delay Time	t PROT	NC2600xxxxxA/B		10	20	40	μs
UVLO Detection Voltage *1	VUVLODET	V _{IN} = Falling		1.85	2.00	2.20	V
UVLO Release Voltage *1	VUVLOREL	V _{IN} = Rising		1.90	2.05	2.25	V
On resistance at PG "L" Output	Ronpg	V _{FB} = 0 V		-	45	-	Ω
OV Detection Voltage	Vovd	V _{FB} = Rising		V _{SET} x 1.1	V _{SET} x 1.2	-	V
UV Detection Voltage	V _{UVD}	V _{FB} = Falling		-	V _{SET} x 0.8	V _{SET} x 0.9	V
Thermal Shutdown Detection Temperature	TSDDET	T _j = Rising		-	150	-	°C
Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature	T _{SDREL}	T _j = Falling		-	120	-	°C

All electrical characteristic parameters that specify the minimum and maximum specifications are tested under the condition of $T_j \approx T_a = 25$ °C

^{*1} Due to the circuit configuration, $V_{UVLODET} \ge V_{UVLOREL}$ does not hold. The hysteresis is Typ.0.05 V.



NC2600xx000x (Adjustable Output Voltage Type)

V_{IN} = 3.6V unless otherwise specified.

For parameter that do not describe the temperature condition, the MIN / MAX value under the condition of

 $-40^{\circ}C \le T_a \le 85^{\circ}C$ is described.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditio	ns	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit
Feedback voltage	V _{FB}	Ta = 25 °C		0.591	0.600	0.609	V
Switching Frequency	fosc	V _{MODE} =3.6 V		-	4.0	-	MHz
Quiescent Current	lq	$V_{FB} = 0.63 \text{ V}, V_{MODE} = 0 \text{ V}$	/, no switching	-	17	25	μA
Shutdown current	I _{SD}	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{EN} = 0 V		-	0	5	μA
EN "H" Input Current	I _{ENH}	$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 5.5 V$		-1	0	1	μA
EN "L" Input Current	I _{ENL}	$V_{IN} = 5.5 V, V_{EN} = 0 V$		-1	0	1	μA
MODE "H" Input Current	IMODEH	$V_{IN} = V_{MODE} = 5.5 V$		-1	0	1	μA
MODE "L" Input Current	IMODEL	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{MODE} = 0 V		-1	0	1	μA
FB "H" Input Current	I _{FBH}	$V_{IN} = V_{FB} = 5.5 V, V_{EN} = 0$) V	-1	0	1	μA
FB "L" Input Current	IFBL	$V_{IN} = 5.5 V, V_{EN} = V_{FB} = 0$) V	-1	0	1	μA
On-resistance for Discharger	Rondis	NC2600xx000A/C			60	-	Ω
EN pin "H" Input Voltage	VENH	V _{IN} = 5.5 V		1.0	-	-	V
EN pin "L" Input Voltage	VENL	V _{IN} = 2.3 V		-	-	0.4	V
MODE "H" Input Voltage	VMODEH	V _{IN} = 5.5 V		1.0	-	-	V
MODE "L" Input Voltage	V _{MODEL}	V _{IN} = 2.3 V		-	-	0.4	V
On-resistance of High Side	Ronh	Isw = 100 mA	NC2600ZA	-	0.13	-	Ω
MOSFET	T CONT		NC2600GT	-	0.15	-	Ω
On-resistance of Low Side	Ronl	Isw = 100 mA	NC2600ZA	-	0.09	-	Ω
MOSFET	TIONE	13W - 100 m/	NC2600GT	-	0.12	-	Ω
Soft-Start Time 1	tstart1	CSS = OPEN		-	150	300	μs
Soft-Start Time 2	tstart2	CSS = 0.1 µF		15	30	45	ms
SW Current Limit	ISWLIM			2.3	-	4.7	Α
Protection Delay Time	t PROT	NC2600xx000A/B		10	20	40	μs
UVLO Detection Voltage *1	VUVLODET	V _{IN} = Falling		1.85	2.00	2.20	V
UVLO Release Voltage *1	VUVLOREL	V _{IN} = Rising		1.90	2.05	2.25	V
On resistance at PG "L" Output	Ronpg	V _{FB} =0 V		-	45	-	Ω
OV Detection Voltage	V _{OVD}	V _{FB} = Rising		0.66	0.72	-	V
UV Detection Voltage	V _{UVD}	V _{FB} = Falling		-	0.48	0.54	V
Thermal Shutdown Detection Temperature	TSDDET	T _j = Rising		-	150	-	°C
Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature	TSDREL	T _j = Falling		-	120	-	°C

All electrical characteristic parameters that specify the minimum and maximum specifications are tested under the condition of $T_j \approx T_a = 25$ °C

^{*1} Due to the circuit configuration, $V_{UVLODET} \ge V_{UVLOREL}$ does not hold. The hysteresis is Typ.0.05 V.



PRODUCT-SPECIFIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

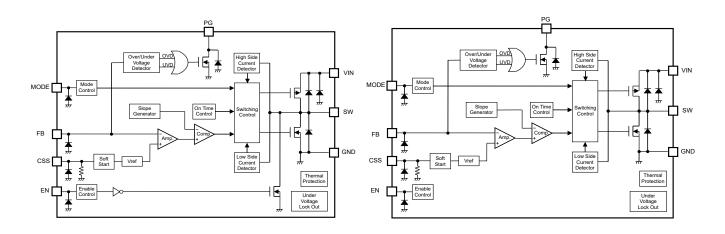
	V _{OUT} (T _a = 25 °C)						
PRODUCT NAME	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit			
NC2600xx060xxxx	0.582	0.6	0.618				
NC2600xx070xxxx	0.682	0.7	0.718				
NC2600xx080xxxx	0.782	0.8	0.818				
NC2600xx090xxxx	0.882	0.9	0.918				
NC2600xx100xxxx	0.982	1.0	1.018				
NC2600xx110xxxx	1.082	1.1	1.118				
NC2600xx120xxxx	1.182	1.2	1.218				
NC2600xx130xxxx	1.280	1.3	1.320				
NC2600xx140xxxx	1.379	1.4	1.421				
NC2600xx150xxxx	1.477	1.5	1.523	-			
NC2600xx160xxxx	1.576	1.6	1.624				
NC2600xx170xxxx	1.674	1.7	1.726	1			
NC2600xx180xxxx	1.773	1.8	1.827				
NC2600xx190xxxx	1.871	1.9	1.929				
NC2600xx200xxxx	1.970	2.0	2.030	V			
NC2600xx210xxxx	2.068	2.1	2.132	1			
NC2600xx220xxxx	2.167	2.2	2.233				
NC2600xx230xxxx	2.265	2.3	2.335				
NC2600xx240xxxx	2.364	2.4	2.436				
NC2600xx250xxxx	2.462	2.5	2.538				
NC2600xx260xxxx	2.561	2.6	2.639				
NC2600xx270xxxx	2.659	2.7	2.741				
NC2600xx280xxxx	2.758	2.8	2.842]			
NC2600xx290xxxx	2.856	2.9	2.944	1			
NC2600xx300xxxx	2.955	3.0	3.045	1			
NC2600xx310xxxx	3.053	3.1	3.147]			
NC2600xx320xxxx	3.152	3.2	3.248	1			
NC2600xx330xxxx	3.250	3.3	3.350	1			

Above parameters are all tested under the following conditions: $T_{j}\approx T_{a}$ = 25 °C



NC2600 series

BLOCK DIAGRAMS



NC2600xxxxxA/C Block Diagram

NC2600xxxxxB/D Block Diagram

THEORY OF OPERATION

Enable Function

Forcing above designated "High" voltage to EN pin, the NC2600 becomes active. Forcing below designated "Low" voltage to EN pin shuts down the NC2600. In shutdown condition, all functions are disabled except auto discharge function. With auto discharge option, the MOSFET to discharge the output capacitor turns on and the output is pulled down to GND. Without auto discharge option, the output becomes "Hi-Z". EN pin can accept input range voltage regardless of the input of VIN pin.

Do not open the EN pin because it is not pulled up or down inside the IC.

If Enable function is not necessary, tie EN pin to VIN pin or other designated "High" voltage node at start-up.

Auto Discharge Function

When turned off, the Vout voltage drops rapidly to near 0V by discharging the charge stored in the output capacitor through the MOSFET connected between the SW pin and GND pins. The auto discharge function is enabled when the EN pin = "low", UVLO detection or the thermal shutdown detection. On-resistance of MOSFET is Typ.60 Ω .



Output Voltage

(Vout)

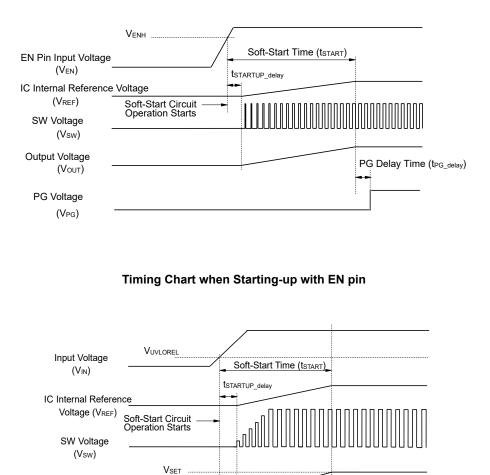
PG Voltage (VPG)

NC2600 series

Soft-Start

When the input voltage (V_{IN}) exceeds the UVLO release voltage (V_{UVLOREL}) and the EN pin is input with a voltage higher than the EN "High" input voltage (V_{ENH}), the Soft-Start circuit starts operation. After the Soft-Start circuit starts operating and the delay time ($t_{STARTUP_delay}$) Typ.45µsec, the IC internal reference voltage (V_{REF}) starts rising, and after the Soft-Start time (t_{START})^{*1}, the V_{REF} reaches the specified value.

The output of the PG pin (V_{PG}) confirms that the output voltage (V_{OUT}) is between the UV detection voltage (V_{UVD}) and the OV detection voltage (V_{OVD}), and becomes "High" after the PG delay time (t_{PG_delay} =Typ.10µsec).



Timing Chart when Starting-up with VIN = EN

The current limiting function, latch type protection function (NC2600xxxxA/B), UVLO function, and thermal shutdown function are effective even during the Soft-Start time. When the thermal shutdown is released, the Soft-Start function is effective.

PG Delay Time (t_{PG_delay})

When starting with a large load current or when a large capacitance is used in the C_{OUT} , the above protection functions may be activated. In such a case, adjust the C_{SS} and increase the Soft-Start time in order to avoid such an abnormal situation.

^{*1} Soft-Start time (t_{START}) indicates the duration until the reference voltage (V_{REF}) reaches the specified voltage after Soft-Start circuit's activation.

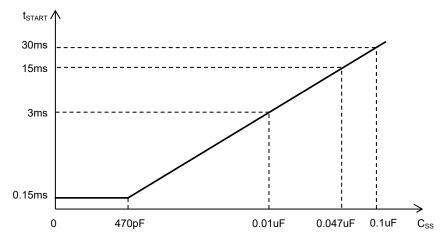


NC2600 series

Soft-Start Time Adjustment

Soft-Start time t_{START} can be adjusted as shown in the figure below by connecting a capacitor C_{SS} to the CSS pin. When C_{SS} is 0.1 μ F, the Soft-Start time is Typ.30 ms. If you do not need to adjust the Soft-Start time, open the CSS pin to start up with the built-in Soft-Start time (Typ.0.15 ms). Soft-Start time can be calculated using the following equation. There is no limit to the capacitance value of the C_{SS}.

C_{SS} [µF] = t_{START} [ms] x 0.0033





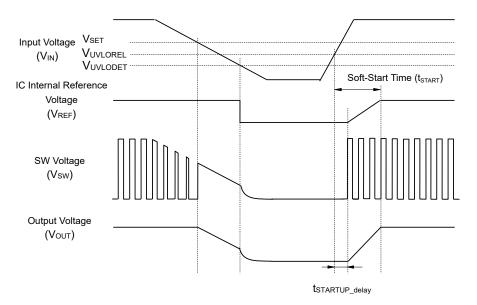
Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO) Circuit

When V_{IN} becomes lower than V_{SET} , the step-down switching regulator stops its switching operation and ON duty becomes 100%, then V_{OUT} gradually falls according to V_{IN} .

When the V_{IN} drops below the UVLO detection voltage (V_{UVLODET}), the UVLO operates, V_{REF} stops, and high side MOSFET and low side MOSFET turn "OFF".

As a result, the output voltage decreases according to the capacitance value of C_{OUT} , load current, and discharge FET on-resistance (NC2600xxxxA/C).

To restart the operation, V_{IN} needs to exceed $V_{UVLOREL}$. The timing chart below shows the V_{OUT} voltage waveforms when the V_{IN} value is changed Falling edge (detecting) and rising edge (releasing) waveforms of V_{OUT} could be affected by the initial voltage of C_{OUT} and the output current of V_{OUT} .



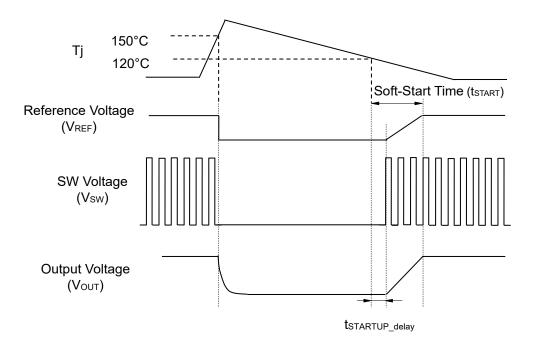
Timing Chart with Variations in Input Voltage (VIN)



Thermal Shutdown

When the junction temperature exceeds the thermal shutdown detection temperature (Typ.150°C), switching stops and self-heating is suppressed.

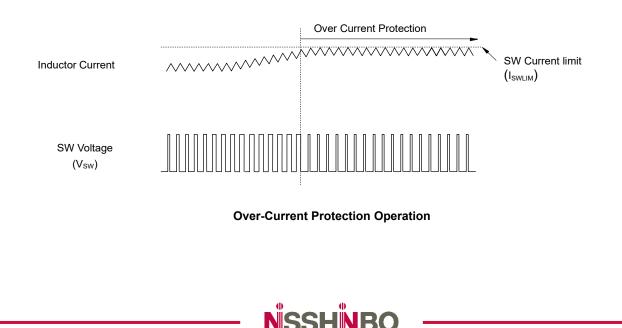
This IC will restart when the junction temperature drops below the thermal shutdown release temperature (Typ.120°C). Then, the Soft-Start function is activated.



Current Limit Circuit, Latch Type Protection Circuit

Current limit circuit supervises the peak current flowing through the inductor in each switching cycle. If the current exceeds the SW current limit (Typ.3.4 A), High Side MOSFET is turned off and the upper limit of the inductor peak current is imposed.

The latch-type protection circuit latches the built-in driver off and shuts down the switching regulator if this overcurrent condition lasts for the protection delay time (t_{PROT}). To release the latch type protection state, restart the device by inputting "Low" signal to the EN pin or making the Input Voltage lower than UVLO detection voltage ($V_{UVLODET}$).



Forced PWM Mode and PWM / PFM Auto Switching Mode

Output voltage controlling method is selectable between a forced PWM mode type and PWM/PFM Auto Switching mode. The operation mode can be set by the MODE pin. The forced PWM mode operates with fixed switching frequency to reduce noise in low output current. The PWM/PFM Auto Switching mode automatically enters PFM control to achieve high efficiency at light load current.

The above control types operate differently depending on the relationship between the load current (I_{OUT}) and the current ripple (ΔI_L) calculated by the following equation.

 $\Delta I_L = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times t_{ON} / L$

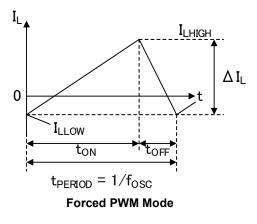
toN : ON time of high side MOSFET

Do not open the MODE pin because it is not pulled up or down inside the IC.

MODE = "High" (Forced PWM Mode)

When a "High" signal is input to the MODE pin, the device enters a forced PWM mode in which the high side MOSFET and low side MOSFET are turned on alternately. During this operation, it operates with fixed switching frequency regardless of the load current. This reduces output voltage ripple and responds quickly to load current transitions.

If $I_{OUT} < \Delta I_L / 2$, I_{LLOW} becomes 0 A or less, and the charge stored in C_{OUT} flows back to the IC side. Refer to the figure below.





Nisshinbo Micro Devices Inc.

MODE = "Low" (PWM/PFM Auto Switching Mode)

When a "Low" signal is input to the MODE pin, when $I_L = 0$ A under a light load condition, the operation mode is set to toff-OFF which turns off the high side MOSFET and the low side MOSFET at the same time. Such an operation in which toff-OFF exists in one cycle is called PFM operation.

toFF-OFF during PFM operation reduces power consumption by minimizing the operating circuits inside the IC. This realizes highly efficient operation at light loads conditions.

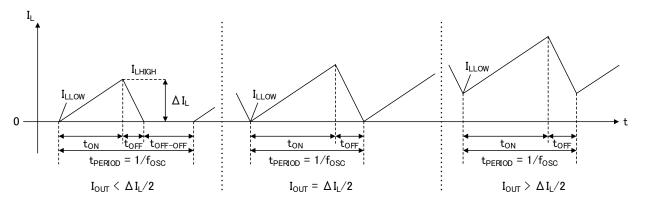
The cycle during PFM operation is defined by the following equation.

 $t_{PERIOD} = t_{ON} + t_{OFF} + t_{OFF-OFF} = 1 / f_{OSC}$ (1)

At light load conditions ($I_{OUT} < \Delta I_L / 2$), $I_{LLOW} = 0$ A and the I_L waveform is as shown on the left in the figure. During PFM operation, if the load current is increases from a light load, t_{OFF-OFF} becomes shorter. When t_{OFF-OFF} becomes 0 sec ($I_{OUT} = \Delta I_L / 2$), the IC enters PWM operation, and when the load current increases further, $I_{LLOW} > 0$ A.

Refer to the figure below.

In this way, when the MODE pin is fixed to "Low", PWM operation and PFM operation are automatically switched according to the load current.



PWM/PFM Auto Switching Mode



Switching Frequency

The minimum on-time / the minimum off-time for this product is determined by the circuit. If the on-time / the off-time calculated under the input/output voltage conditions at 4 MHz are less than the minimum on-time / minimum off-time determined by the circuit, the switching frequency falls below 4 MHz.

The on-time under no load is calculated by the following equation according to the input / output voltage conditions.

 t_{ON} = 250 ns x V_{OUT} / V_{IN}

Example 1: Switching frequency with minimum on-time (60 ns) under the following input / output conditions.

condition1: V_{IN} = 3.6 V, V_{OUT} = 1.2 V

1/4 MHz × 1.2 V/3.6 V = 83 ns > minimum on-time (60 ns) Operates with 4 MHz.

condition2: V_{IN} = 5.5 V, V_{OUT} = 1.0 V

1/4 MHz × 1.0 V/5.5 V = 55 ns < minimum on-time (60 ns) Switching frequency falls below 4 MHz.

Example 2: Switching frequency with minimum off-time (50 ns) under the following input / output conditions.

condition1: V_{IN} = 5.0 V, V_{OUT} = 3.3 V 1/4 MHz × (1 - 3.3 V/5.0 V) = 77 ns > minimum off-time (50 ns)

Operates with 4 MHz.

condition2: V_{IN} = 4.0 V, V_{OUT} = 3.3 V

1/4 MHz × (1 - 3.3 V/4.0 V) = 44 ns < minimum off-time (50 ns) Switching frequency falls below 4 MHz.



Power Good Function

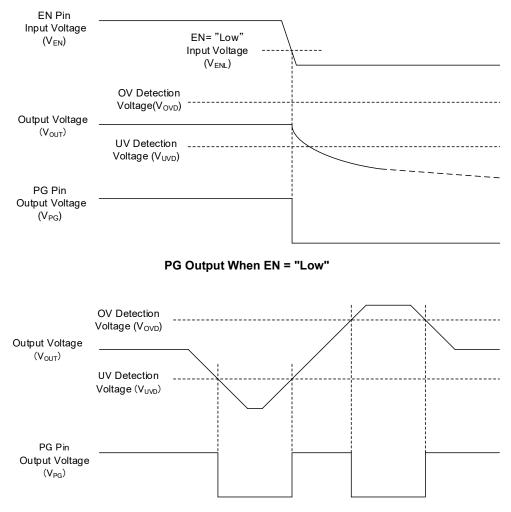
This product has a power good (PG) function, and the output type is NMOS FET open drain. When EN = "Low" is detected, the NMOS FET turns on and sets the power good output to "Low".

Figure: Refer to PG Output When EN = "Low".

Also, when the IC detects Over Voltage (OV) or Under Voltage (UV), the power good output is set to "Low" as well. Figure: Refer to PG Output When OV or UV is Detected.

When the IC is released from these conditions, the NMOS FET is turned off and the power good output is set to "High".

The pull-up resistor (R_{PG}) of the PG pin should be between 10 k Ω and 100 k Ω . The PG pin must be open or connected to GND if the power good function is not used.





Pass-Through Mode

This product enters pass-through mode when the input / output voltage difference drops. In this operating state, the high side MOSFET is always on and the low side MOSFET is always off. This function helps to hold output voltage and to lengthen operation time of application longest even when battery voltage drops. In this operating state, the output voltage is calculated by the following equation using the on-resistance of the high side MOSFET(R_{ONP}) and the DC resistance of the inductor (R_L).

 $V_{OUT} = V_{IN} - (R_{ONP} + R_L) \times I_{OUT}$



NC2600 series

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (WLCSP-8-P11)

Thermal characteristics depend on the mounting conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51.

Measurement Conditions

Parameter	Measurement Conditions
Measurement status	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board size	101.5 mm × 114.5 mm × 1.6 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layers (First and Fourth Layers): 60% Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): 100%

Measurement Result

Parameter	Measurement Result	Unit
Thermal Resistance (θja)	131	°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	38	0/00

θja : Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

ψjt : Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter

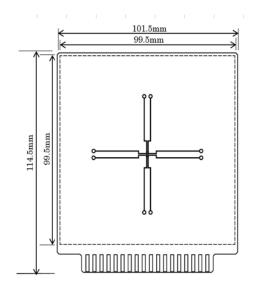
CALCULATION METHOD OF JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

The junction temperature (Tj) can be calculated from the following equation.

 $T_j = T_a + \theta ja \times P$ $T_j = Tc (top) + \psi jt \times P$

T_a : Ambient temperature

- Tc (top) : Package mark side center temperature
- P : Power consumption under user's conditions
- $$\begin{split} \mathsf{P} &= & (100 \ / \ \eta 1) \times (\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{OUT}} \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{OUT}}) \mathsf{DCR} \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{OUT}}^2 \\ & \eta : \mathsf{Efficiency} \ under \ user's \ conditions \ [\%] \\ & \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{OUT}} : \mathsf{Output} \ \mathsf{Voltage} \ [\mathsf{V}] \\ & \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{OUT}} : \mathsf{Output} \ \mathsf{Current} \ [\mathsf{A}] \\ & \mathsf{DCR} : \mathsf{DC} \ resistance \ of \ external \ inductor \ [\Omega] \end{split}$$



Measurement Board Pattern (WLCSP-8-P11)



Ver.1.2

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (DFN2020-8-GT)

Thermal characteristics depend on the mounting conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51.

Measurement Conditions

Parameter	Measurement Conditions
Measurement status	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board size	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through hole	φ 0.3 mm × 23 pcs.

Measurement Result

Parameter	Measurement Result	Unit	
Thermal Resistance (θja)	71	°C/W	
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	33	°C/W	

 θja : Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

wit : Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter

Measurement Board Pattern (DFN2020-8-GT)

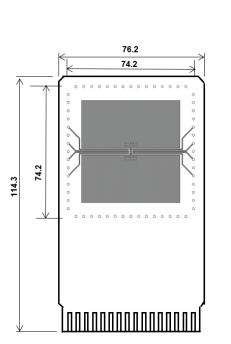
CALCULATION METHOD OF JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

The junction temperature (Tj) can be calculated from the following equation.

 $\begin{array}{l} T_j = T_a + \theta ja \times P \\ T_j = Tc \; (top) + \psi jt \times P \end{array}$

T_a : Ambient temperature

- Tc (top) : Package mark side center temperature
- P : Power consumption under user's conditions
- $$\begin{split} \mathsf{P} &= & (100 \ / \ \eta 1) \times (\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{OUT}} \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{OUT}}) \mathsf{DCR} \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{OUT}}^2 \\ & \eta : \mathsf{Efficiency} \ under \ user's \ conditions \ [\%] \\ & \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{OUT}} : \mathsf{Output} \ \mathsf{Voltage} \ [\mathsf{V}] \\ & \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{OUT}} : \mathsf{Output} \ \mathsf{Current} \ [\mathsf{A}] \\ & \mathsf{DCR} : \mathsf{DC} \ resistance \ of \ external \ inductor \ [\Omega] \end{split}$$

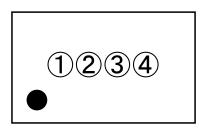


NC2600 series

Datasheet

MARKING SPECIFICATION

①②: Product Code③④: Lot No. … Alphanumerical Serial Number



WLCSP-8-P11 Marking

NOTICE

There can be variation in the marking when different AOI (Automated Optical Inspection) equipment is used. In the case of recognizing the marking characteristic with AOI, please contact our sales or

distributor before attempting to use AOI.



NC2600 series

ORDER INFORMATION (NC2600ZA)

NC2600ZA							-
PRODUCT NAME	PACKAGE	RoHS	HALOGEN- FREE	Plating Composition	MARKING	WEIGHT (mg)	Quantity per Reel (pcs)
NC2600ZA000AE2S					AA	(9/	
NC2600ZA060AE2S					AC		
NC2600ZA070AE2S					AE		
NC2600ZA080AE2S					AF		
NC2600ZA090AE2S					AG		
NC2600ZA100AE2S					AH		
NC2600ZA110AE2S					AJ		
NC2600ZA120AE2S					AK		
NC2600ZA130AE2S					AL		
NC2600ZA140AE2S					AN		
NC2600ZA150AE2S					AP		
NC2600ZA160AE2S					AR		
NC2600ZA170AE2S					AT		
NC2600ZA180AE2S					AU		
NC2600ZA190AE2S					AV	1	1
NC2600ZA200AE2S					AX		
NC2600ZA210AE2S					AY		
NC2600ZA220AE2S					CA		
NC2600ZA230AE2S					CC		
NC2600ZA240AE2S					CE		
NC2600ZA250AE2S	WLCSP-8-P11	Yes	Yes	Sn3Ag0.5Cu	CF	1.1	5000
NC2600ZA260AE2S	VVLCOF-0-FII	Tes	165	Sh5Ag0.5Cu	CG	1.1	5000
NC2600ZA270AE2S					СН		
NC2600ZA280AE2S					CJ		
NC2600ZA290AE2S					CK		
NC2600ZA300AE2S					CL		
NC2600ZA310AE2S					CN	_	
NC2600ZA320AE2S					CP		
NC2600ZA330AE2S					CR	_	
NC2600ZA000BE2S					EA		
NC2600ZA060BE2S					EC		
NC2600ZA070BE2S					EE		
NC2600ZA080BE2S					EF		
NC2600ZA090BE2S					EG		
NC2600ZA110BE2S					EH		
NC2600ZA120BE2S					EJ		
NC2600ZA130BE2S					EK		
NC2600ZA140BE2S					EL		
NC2600ZA150BE2S					EN		
NC2600ZA160BE2S					EP	4	
NC2600ZA170BE2S					ER	-	
NC2600ZA180BE2S					ET		



Datasheet

Nisshinbo Micro Devices Inc.

NC2600 series

PRODUCT NAME	PACKAGE	RoHS	HALOGEN- FREE	Plating Composition	MARKING	WEIGHT (mg)	Quantity per Reel (pcs)
NC2600ZA190BE2S				Composition	EV	(ing)	
NC2600ZA200BE2S					EX		
NC2600ZA210BE2S					EY		
NC2600ZA220BE2S					FA		
NC2600ZA230BE2S					FC		
NC2600ZA240BE2S					FE		
NC2600ZA250BE2S					FF		
NC2600ZA260BE2S					FG		
NC2600ZA270BE2S					FH		
NC2600ZA280BE2S					FJ		
NC2600ZA290BE2S					FK		
NC2600ZA300BE2S					FL		
NC2600ZA310BE2S					FN		
NC2600ZA320BE2S					FP		
NC2600ZA330BE2S					FR		
NC2600ZA000CE2S					GA		
NC2600ZA060CE2S					GC		
NC2600ZA070CE2S					GE		
NC2600ZA080CE2S					GF		
NC2600ZA090CE2S	WLCSP-8-P11	Yes	Yes	Sn3Ag0.5Cu	GG	1.1	5000
NC2600ZA100CE2S	WECOI -0-1 11	163	163	ShoAgu.JCu	GH	1.1	3000
NC2600ZA110CE2S					GJ		
NC2600ZA120CE2S					GK		
NC2600ZA130CE2S					GL		
NC2600ZA140CE2S					GN		
NC2600ZA150CE2S					GP		
NC2600ZA160CE2S					GR		
NC2600ZA170CE2S					GT		
NC2600ZA180CE2S					GU		
NC2600ZA190CE2S					GV		
NC2600ZA200CE2S					GX		
NC2600ZA210CE2S					GY		
NC2600ZA220CE2S					HA		
NC2600ZA230CE2S					HC		
NC2600ZA240CE2S					HE		
NC2600ZA250CE2S					HF		
NC2600ZA260CE2S					HG		
NC2600ZA270CE2S					HH		
NC2600ZA280CE2S					HJ		
NC2600ZA290CE2S					HK		



Datasheet

PRODUCT NAME	PACKAGE	RoHS	HALOGEN- FREE	Plating Composition	MARKING	WEIGHT (mg)	Quantity per Reel (pcs)
NC2600ZA300CE2S					HL		
NC2600ZA310CE2S					HN		
NC2600ZA320CE2S					HP		
NC2600ZA330CE2S					HR		
NC2600ZA000DE2S					JA		
NC2600ZA060DE2S					JC		
NC2600ZA070DE2S					JE		
NC2600ZA080DE2S					JF		
NC2600ZA090DE2S					JG		
NC2600ZA100DE2S					JH		
NC2600ZA110DE2S					JJ		
NC2600ZA120DE2S					JK		
NC2600ZA130DE2S					JL		
NC2600ZA140DE2S					JN		
NC2600ZA150DE2S					JP		
NC2600ZA160DE2S					JR		
NC2600ZA170DE2S	WLCSP-8-P11	Yes	Yes	Sn3Ag0.5Cu	JT	1.1	5000
NC2600ZA180DE2S					JU		
NC2600ZA190DE2S					JV		
NC2600ZA200DE2S					JX		
NC2600ZA210DE2S					JY		
NC2600ZA220DE2S					KA		
NC2600ZA230DE2S					KC		
NC2600ZA240DE2S					KE	-	
NC2600ZA250DE2S					KF		
NC2600ZA260DE2S					KG		
NC2600ZA270DE2S					KH		
NC2600ZA280DE2S					KJ		
NC2600ZA290DE2S					KK		
NC2600ZA300DE2S					KL		
NC2600ZA310DE2S					KN		
NC2600ZA320DE2S					KP		
NC2600ZA330DE2S					KR		



ORDER INFORMATION (NC2600GT)

NC2600GT

NC2600G1			HALOGEN-	Diating		WEIGHT	Quantity par
PRODUCT NAME	PACKAGE	RoHS	FREE	Plating Composition	MARKING	(mg)	Quantity per Reel (pcs)
NC2600GT000AE4S							
NC2600GT060AE4S							
NC2600GT070AE4S							
NC2600GT080AE4S							
NC2600GT090AE4S							
NC2600GT100AE4S							
NC2600GT110AE4S							
NC2600GT120AE4S							
NC2600GT130AE4S							
NC2600GT140AE4S							
NC2600GT150AE4S				nind			
NC2600GT160AE4S			n nla	nnins			
NC2600GT170AE4S		Ind	ler P.	nning			
NC2600GT180AE4S							
NC2600GT190AE4S							
NC2600GT200AE4S							
NC2600GT210AE4S							
NC2600GT220AE4S							
NC2600GT230AE4S							
NC2600GT240AE4S							
NC2600GT250AE4S	DFN2020-8-GT	Yes	Yes	Sn	-	TBD	3000
NC2600GT260AE4S	51112020 0 01	100	100	011		100	0000
NC2600GT270AE4S							
NC2600GT280AE4S							
NC2600GT290AE4S					-		
NC2600GT300AE4S							
NC2600GT310AE4S							
NC2600GT320AE4S							
NC2600GT330AE4S							
NC2600GT000BE4S							
NC2600GT060BE4S							
NC2600GT070BE4S							
NC2600GT080BE4S							
NC2600GT090BE4S							
NC2600GT110BE4S							
NC2600GT120BE4S							
NC2600GT130BE4S							
NC2600GT140BE4S							
NC2600GT150BE4S							
NC2600GT160BE4S							
NC2600GT170BE4S							
NC2600GT180BE4S							



Nisshinbo Micro Devices Inc.

NC2600 series

PRODUCT NAME	PACKAGE	RoHS	HALOGEN- FREE	Plating Composition	MARKING	WEIGHT (mg)	Quantity per Reel (pcs)
NC2600GT190BE4S				Composition		(119)	
NC2600GT200BE4S	-						
NC2600GT210BE4S	-						
NC2600GT220BE4S	-						
NC2600GT230BE4S							
NC2600GT240BE4S	-						
NC2600GT250BE4S							
NC2600GT260BE4S							
NC2600GT270BE4S				1-00			
NC2600GT280BE4S			r plar	ning			
NC2600GT290BE4S		inde	r Pia.				
NC2600GT300BE4S							
NC2600GT310BE4S							
NC2600GT320BE4S							
NC2600GT330BE4S							
NC2600GT000CE4S							
NC2600GT060CE4S							
NC2600GT070CE4S							
NC2600GT080CE4S							
NC2600GT090CE4S	DFN2020-8-GT	Yes	Yes	Sn		TBD	3000
NC2600GT100CE4S	DI N2020-0-01	165	163	511			3000
NC2600GT110CE4S							
NC2600GT120CE4S							
NC2600GT130CE4S							
NC2600GT140CE4S							
NC2600GT150CE4S							
NC2600GT160CE4S	-						
NC2600GT170CE4S							
NC2600GT180CE4S							
NC2600GT190CE4S	-						
NC2600GT200CE4S							
NC2600GT210CE4S	-						
NC2600GT220CE4S							
NC2600GT230CE4S	ļ						
NC2600GT240CE4S	ļ						
NC2600GT250CE4S	ļ						
NC2600GT260CE4S	ļ						
NC2600GT270CE4S	ļ						
NC2600GT280CE4S	ļ						
NC2600GT290CE4S							



Nisshinbo Micro Devices Inc.

NC2600 series

PRODUCT NAME	PACKAGE	RoHS	HALOGEN- FREE	Plating Composition	MARKING	WEIGHT (mg)	Quantity per Reel (pcs)
NC2600GT300CE4S							
NC2600GT310CE4S							
NC2600GT320CE4S							
NC2600GT330CE4S							
NC2600GT000DE4S							
NC2600GT060DE4S							
NC2600GT070DE4S							
NC2600GT080DE4S				inning			
NC2600GT090DE4S			sin nla	nning			
NC2600GT100DE4S		ind	ler p.				
NC2600GT110DE4S							
NC2600GT120DE4S							
NC2600GT130DE4S							
NC2600GT140DE4S							
NC2600GT150DE4S							
NC2600GT160DE4S							
NC2600GT170DE4S	DFN2020-8-GT	Yes	Yes	Sn		TBD	3000
NC2600GT180DE4S							
NC2600GT190DE4S							
NC2600GT200DE4S							
NC2600GT210DE4S							
NC2600GT220DE4S							
NC2600GT230DE4S							
NC2600GT240DE4S							
NC2600GT250DE4S							
NC2600GT260DE4S							
NC2600GT270DE4S							
NC2600GT280DE4S							
NC2600GT290DE4S							
NC2600GT300DE4S							
NC2600GT310DE4S]						
NC2600GT320DE4S							
NC2600GT330DE4S							



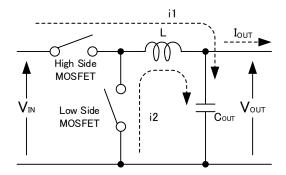
APPLICATION NOTES

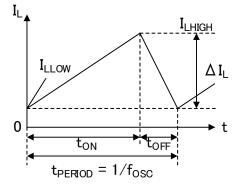
Operation of Step-down Switching Regulator and Output Current

The operation of the step-down switching regulator is explained.

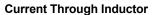
- **Step1.** The high side MOSFET turns on and the inductor current $I_L = i1$ flows, storing energy in the inductor and at the same time charging to the C_{OUT}. Then, the inductor current $I_L = i1$ increases from I_{LLOW} in proportion to the time when the high side MOSFET turns on and reaches I_{LHIGH} .
- **Step2.** When the high side MOSFET turns off and the low side MOSFET turns on, the inductor operates to hold the inductor current $I_L = I_{LHIGH}$. At this time, the inductor uses the energy stored in Step 1 to flow the inductor current $I_L = i2$.
- **Step3.** i2 gradually decreases until the low side MOSFET is turned off. When the next cycle, it returns to Step 1 again and the high side MOSFET turns on.

By performing Step 1 to 3 above cyclically, an arbitrary output voltage is obtained according to the ratio of on time for one cycle.





Basic Circuit of Step-down Switching Regulator



When the maximum current of the inductor is I_{LHIGH} and the minimum value is I_{LLOW} , the difference between I_{LHIGH} and I_{LLOW} ΔI_L is called the current ripple, $\Delta I_L = I_{LHIGH} - I_{LLOW}$. The current ripple ΔI_L during Step 1 is shown by using t_{ON} (on-time), V_{IN} , V_{OUT} , and L (inductor value) as follows.

$\Delta I_{L} = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times t_{ON} / L \cdots (2)$
On the other hand, during Step2, it is represented by the following equation using toFF (off-time).
$\Delta I_{L} = V_{OUT} \times t_{OFF} / L $ (3)
Since In the static state, the values of equations (2) and (3) are the same,
$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times t_{ON} / L = V_{OUT} \times t_{OFF} / L$ (4)
Therefore, t _{ON} / t _{PERIOD} is shown by following equation.
ton / tperiod = Vout / Vin
Where tPERIOD is the period and is shown by the following equation.
$t_{PERIOD} = t_{ON} + t_{OFF} = 1 / f_{OSC} \cdots (6)$
f _{OSC} is the switching frequency.
Duty is the ratio of the time that the high side MOSFET is on during one cycle and can be calculated by the following equation.
Duty (%) = t _{on} / t _{PERIOD} × 100 = V _{OUT} / V _{IN} × 100 ······(7)



Calculation Conditions of SW Pin Maximum Output Current (I_{SWMAX})

The following equations explain the calculation to determine I_{SWMAX} at the ideal operation of the ICs in continuous conduction mode.

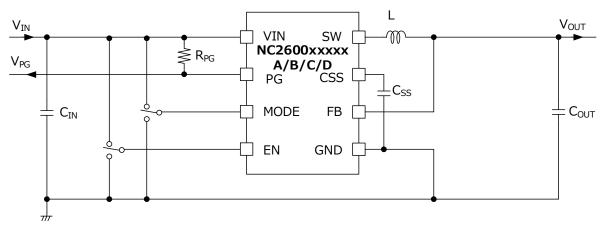
The p-p value of the ripple current is I_{RP} , the on-resistance of the high side MOSFET and low side MOSFETs is R_{ONP} and R_{ONN} , respectively, and the DC resistance of the inductor is R_L .

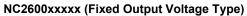
First, define to be the time when the high side MOSFET is on. $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + (R_{ONP} + R_L) \times I_{OUT} + L \times I_{RP} / t_{ON} \dots (8)$ Next, define to FF be the time when the high side MOSFET is off (low side MOSFET is on). $L \times I_{RP} / t_{OFF} = R_{ONN} \times I_{OUT} + V_{OUT} + R_L \times I_{OUT} \dots (9)$ Put Equation (9) into Equation (8) to solve DoN = toN / (t_{OFF} + t_{ON}) that is on-duty of high side MOSFET. $D_{ON} = (V_{OUT} + R_{ONN} \times I_{OUT} + R_L \times I_{OUT}) / (V_{IN} + R_{ONN} \times I_{OUT} - R_{ONP} \times I_{OUT}) \dots (10)$ Ripple Current (I_{RP}) is as follows. $I_{RP} = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT} - R_{ONP} \times I_{OUT} - R_L \times I_{OUT}) \times D_{ON} / f_{OSC} / L \dots (11)$ The peak current flowing through the inductor and high side MOSFET can be calculated by the following equation. $I_{SWMAX} = I_{OUT} + I_{RP} / 2 \dots (12)$

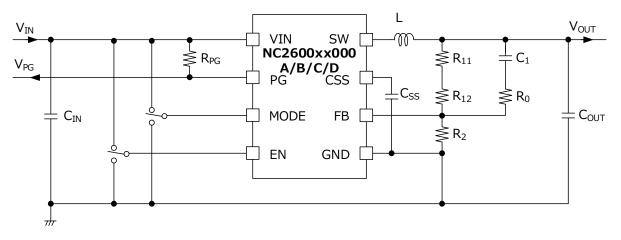


NC2600 series

Typical Application Circuit







NC2600xx000 (Adjustable Output Voltage Type)

Symbol	Capacitance	Tolerance	Protection Voltage	Temperature characteristics
C _{IN}	4.7 µF	±20%	6.3 V	X5R
COUT	10 µF	±20%	6.3 V	X5R
Css	-	±20%	6.3 V	X5R

Symbol	Inductance	Tolerance	Rated Current	
L	1.0 µH	±20%	2.0A	



External Resistor for Setting Output Voltage (NC2600xx000x)

The output voltage can be set by the external resistors (R1, R2) connected to the FB pin as shown in the following equation.

 $V_{SET} = V_{FB} \times (R1 + R2) / R2$ R1 = R11 + R12

The reference voltage (VFB) of this IC is set 0.6 V. The VFB accuracy and output voltage setting range are as follows.

 $\begin{array}{ll} V_{FB} \mbox{ Accuracy } & : 0.6 \mbox{ V} \pm 9 \mbox{ mV} \\ \mbox{ Output Voltage Setting Range } : 0.6 \mbox{ V} \leq V_{SET} \leq 5.5 \mbox{ V} \\ \end{array}$

Recommended values for R1, R2, and C1 are shown below.

Set Output Voltage (VSET) vs. R1,R2,C1 (Adjustable Output Voltage Type)

VSET [V]	R1 [kΩ]	R2 [kΩ]	C1 [pF]
0.6	0	220	Open
$0.6 < V_{SET} \le 2.1$		220	10
$2.1 < V_{SET} \le 4.0$	R1 = (V _{SET} / V _{FB} -1) x R2	47	6.8
$4.0 < V_{SET} \le 5.5$		33	3.3

When using R2 other than the above table, adjust C1 according to the table below and check that there is no problem with the actual application.

VSET [V]	C1 [pF]
0.6	Open
0.6 < V _{SET} ≤ 2.1	2200 / R2 [kΩ]
$2.1 < V_{SET} \le 4.0$	319.6 / R2 [kΩ]
$4.0 < V_{SET} \le 5.5$	108.9/ R2 [kΩ]

Set Output Voltage (VSET) vs. R2/C1 (Adjustable Output Voltage Type)

R0 prevents against the effects of noise. Noise varies depending on the board layout. R0 is not required for optimized boards, but if you are concerned about spikes, use about 1 k Ω .



Cautions for Selecting External Components

Choose a low ESR ceramic capacitor. The input capacitor (C_{IN}) between VIN and GND should be more than 4.7 μF, and the output capacitor (C_{OUT}) should be used of 10 μF. Also, choose the capacitor with consideration for bias characteristics and input/output voltages.

Even when using a capacitor other than a ceramic capacitor such as aluminum electrolytic, connect a ceramic capacitor with shortest-distance wiring.

- The phase compensation of this device is designed according to the C_{OUT} and L values. The inductance value of an inductor should be 1.0 µH to gain stability.
- Choose an inductor that has small DC resistance, has enough permissible current and is hard to cause magnetic saturation. If the inductance value of the inductor becomes extremely small under the load conditions, the peak current of inductor may increase along with the load current. As a result, the current limit circuit may start to operate before the peak current of inductor reaches to load current range. Therefore, choose an inductor with consideration for the value of I_{SWMAX}. Refer to the data sheet "Calculation Conditions of SW Pin Maximum Output Current (I_{SWMAX})".



NC2600 series

Layer 2

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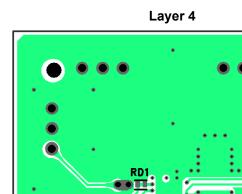
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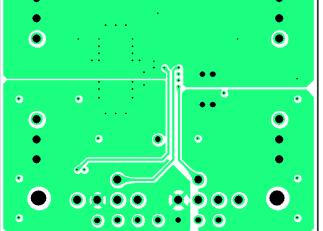
Evaluation Board / PCB Layout

NC2600ZA [WLCSP-8-P11]

Layer 1 GND GND . . . NC2600ZA **Evaluation** GND Board <u>)</u> @ S ۲ ۲ ، () ۱ • SW(S) 🧿 VOUT CSS2 CSS1 MODE EN ۲ н MO GND VO VI EN PG ۲ ecs CS

Layer 3







RPG1

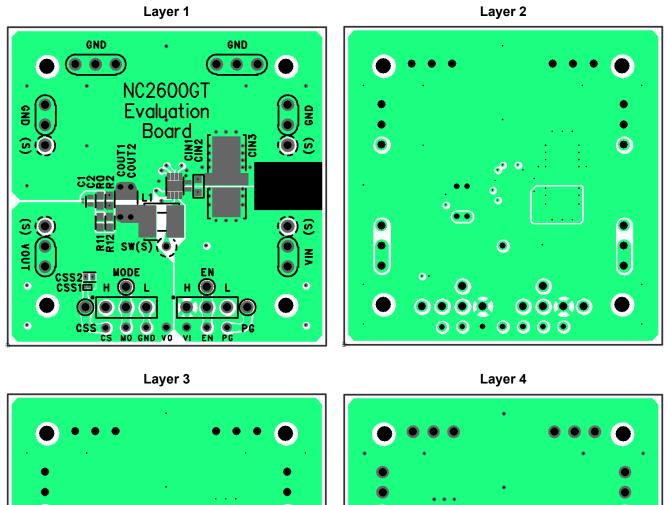
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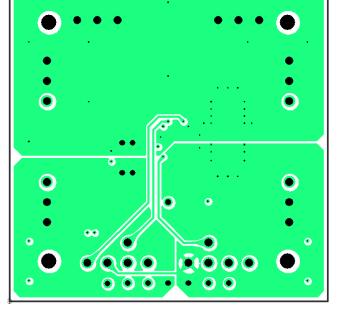
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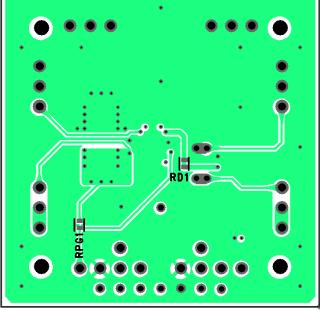
Nisshinbo Micro Devices Inc.

NC2600GT [DFN2020-8-GT]

NC2600 series









TECHNICAL NOTES

The performance of a power source circuit using this device is highly dependent on a peripheral circuit. A peripheral component or the device mounted on PCB should not exceed a rated voltage, a rated current or a rated power. When designing a peripheral circuit, please be fully aware of the following points.

- External components must be connected as close as possible to the ICs and make wiring as short as possible and on the same side of the IC. Especially, the capacitor connected in between VIN pin and GND pin must be wiring the shortest.
- The VIN line, the GND line, and SW pin should make special considerations for the large switching current flows. If their impedance is high, internal voltage of the IC may shift by the switching current, and the operating may be unstable. Make the power supply and GND lines as wide and short as possible. The wiring from the SW pin to the inductor becomes a noise source, so ensure that the current capacity is secured and that the wiring is not wider or longer than necessary so that the noise does not increase.
- Connect C_{OUT} to the wiring between the FB pin and the inductor(L), or between the output voltage setting resistor (R1) and L. Also, keep them as far away as possible from noise sources such as inductors to prevent noise from being mixed in.
- The thermal shutdown function prevents the IC from fuming and ignition but does not ensure the IC's reliability or keep the
 IC below the absolute maximum ratings. The thermal shutdown function does not operate on the heat generated by other
 than the normal IC operation such as latch-up and overvoltage application. The thermal shutdown function operates in a
 state over the absolute maximum ratings, therefore the thermal shutdown function should not be used for a system design.
- The tab on the bottom side of the DFN-Package is recommended to be connected to GND. It will work even if it is open, but please note that the heat dissipation and mounting strength will decrease.

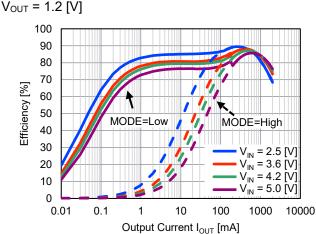


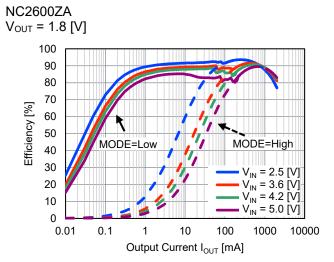
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Typical characteristics are intended to be used as reference data, they are not guaranteed.

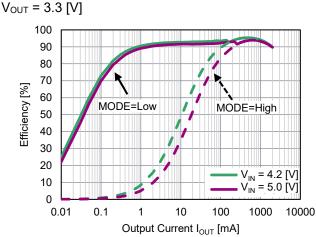
1)Efficiency vs Output Current

NC2600ZA

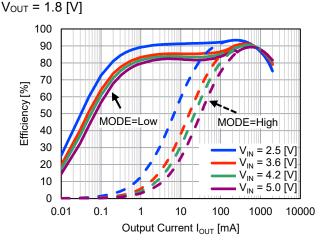




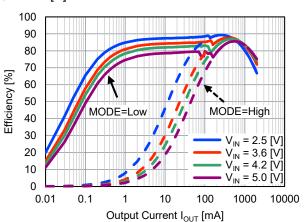
NC2600ZA



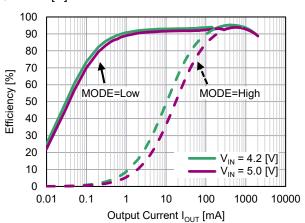




NC2600GT V_{OUT} = 1.2 [V]

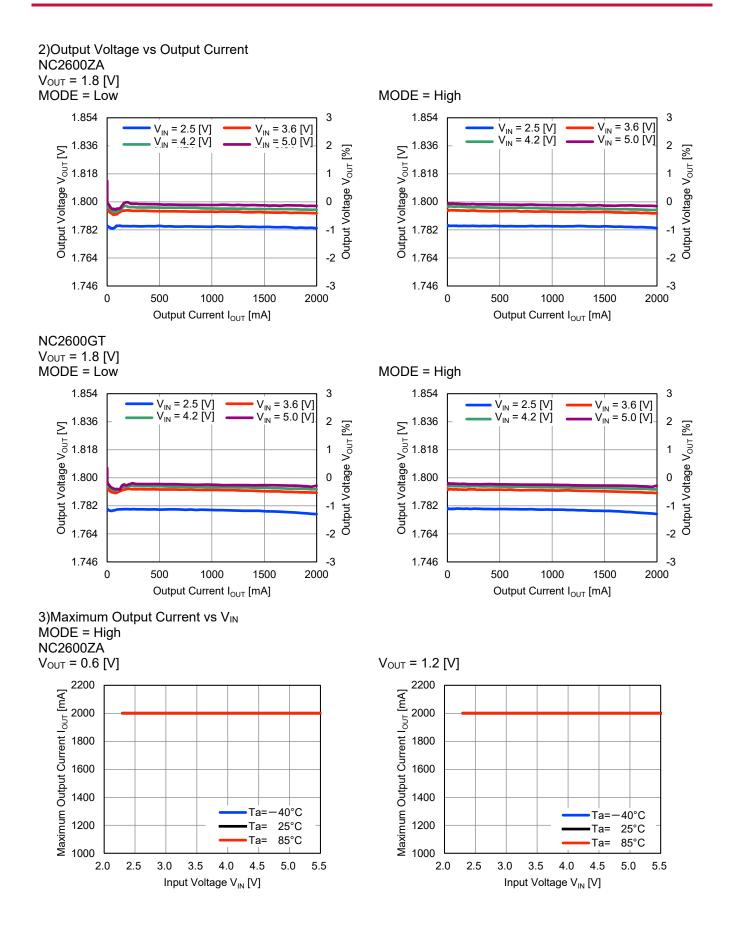


NC2600GT V_{OUT} = 3.3 [V]



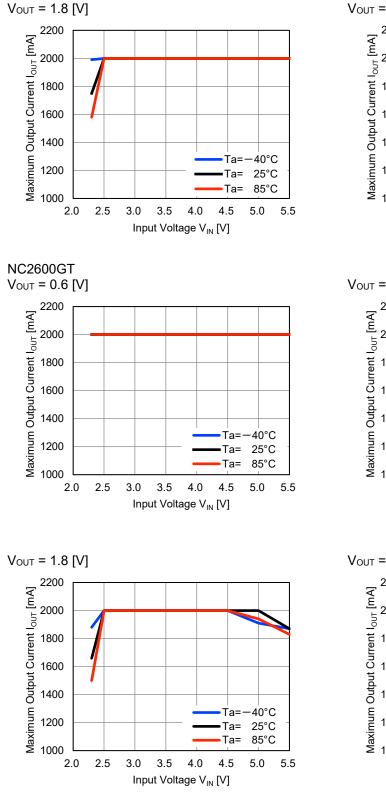


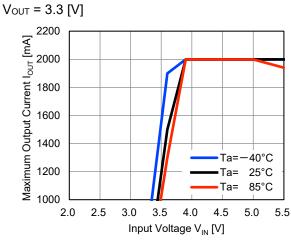
NC2600 series



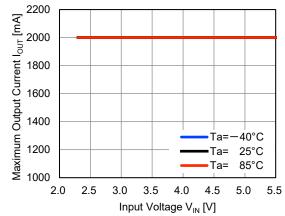


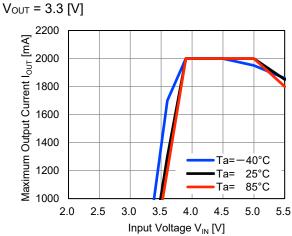






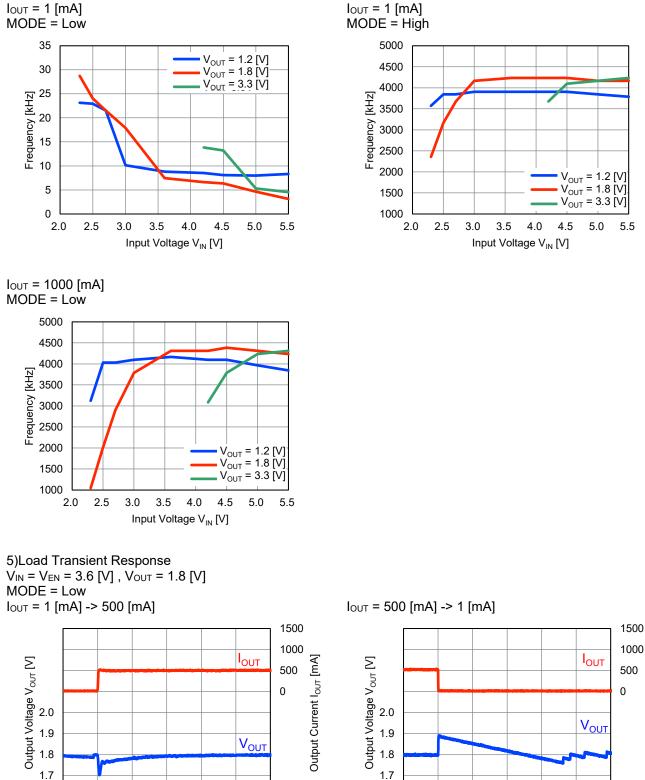








4)Switching Frequency vs Input Voltage



150

200

250

NSSHNBO

1.6

-50

0

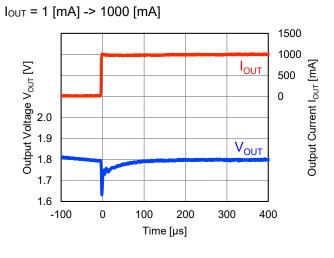
50

100

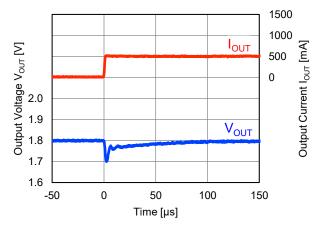
Time [µs]

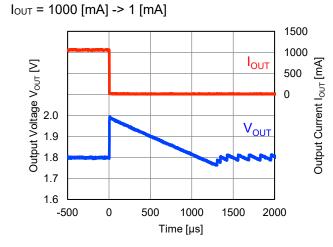
Output Current IoUT [mA]

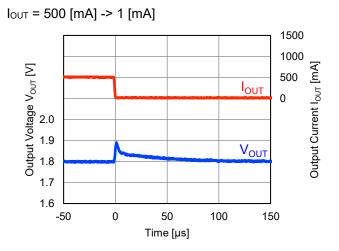
1000

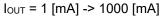


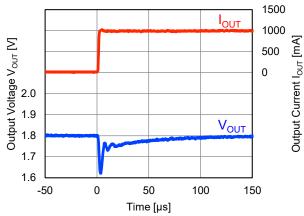
MODE = High I_{OUT} = 1 [mA] -> 500 [mA]



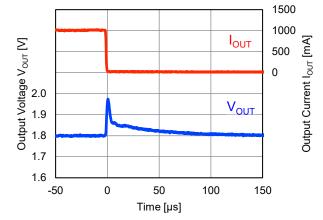






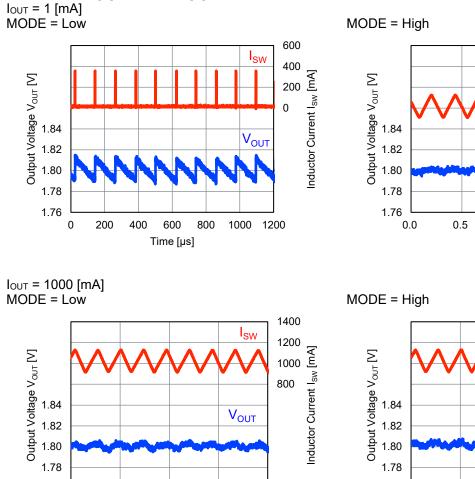


I_{OUT} = 1000 [mA] -> 1 [mA]



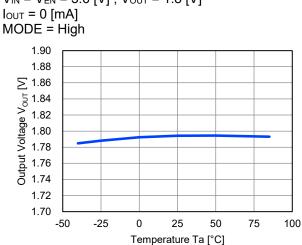


6)Output Voltage Waveform $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6 [V]$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8 [V]$

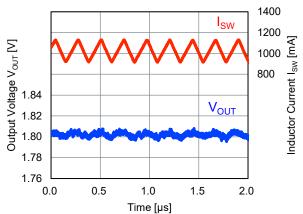


2.0

7)Output Voltage vs Temperature $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6 [V]$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8 [V]$

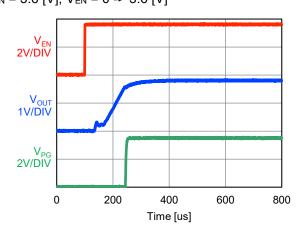


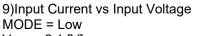
5 1.84 1.82 1.80 1.78 1.76 0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 Time [μs]

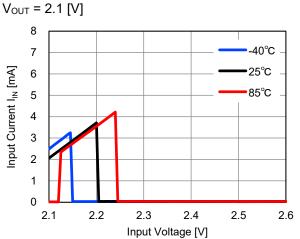




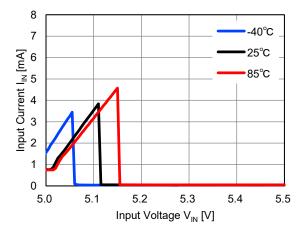
8)Soft-Start Waveform $V_{OUT} = 1.8$ [V], MODE = High, C_{SS} = open, I_{OUT} = 0 [mA] $V_{IN} = 3.6$ [V], $V_{EN} = 0 -> 3.6$ [V]

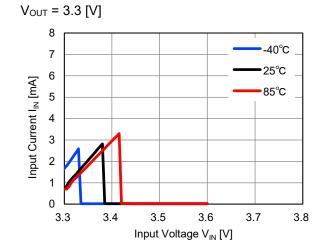






V_{OUT} = 5.0 [V]

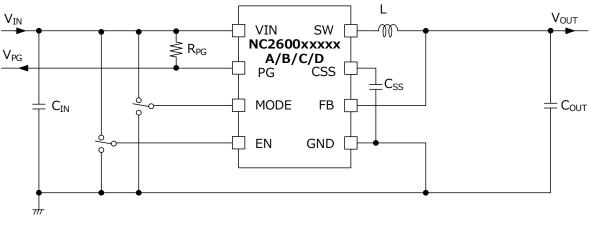




*Note that if the voltage difference between VIN and VOUT decreases, switching current increases regardless of IOUT.



TEST CIRCUIT



NC2600xxxxx (Fixed Output Voltage Type) Test Circuit

[Components List for Our Evaluation]

Symbol	Specification	Parts Number
CIN	4.7 µF	GRM035R60J475ME
COUT	10 µF	GRM155R60J106ME44
L	1.0 µH	TFM201610ALM-1R0MTAA

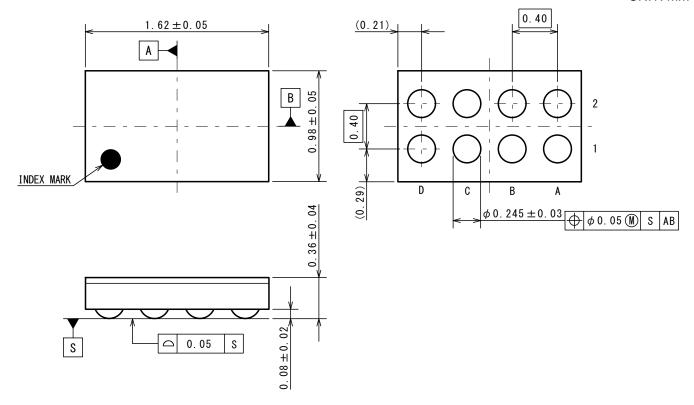


WLCSP-8-P11

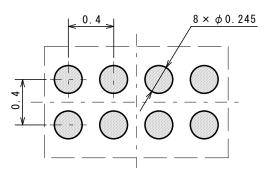
■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

UNIT: mm

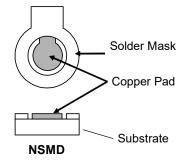
PI-WLCSP-8-P11-E-C



■ EXAMPLE OF SOLDER PADS DIMENSIONS



Recommended Land Pattern



NSMD Pad Definition			
Pad definition	Copper Pad	Solder Mask Opening	
NSMD (Non-Solder Mask defined)	0.245mm	MIN. 0.345mm	

*) Pad Layout and size can modify by customers material, equipment and method.

*) Please adjust pad layout according to your conditions.

*) Recommended Stencil Aperture Size: $\phi 0.245mm$

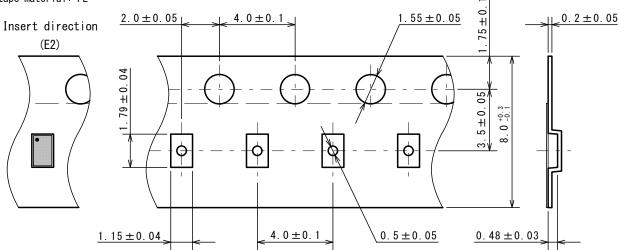


WLCSP-8-P11

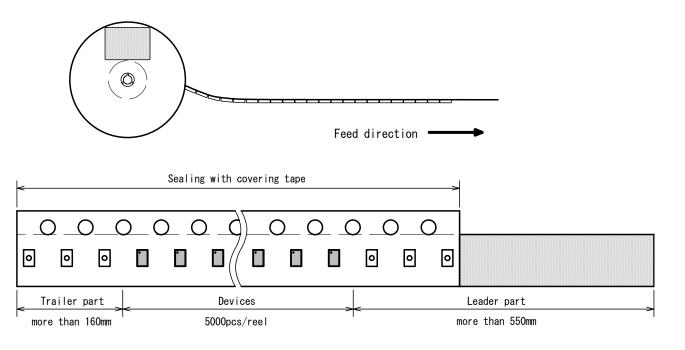
■ PACKING SPEC

(1) Taping dimensions / Insert direction

Carrier tape material: PS Cover tape material: PE



(2) Taping state



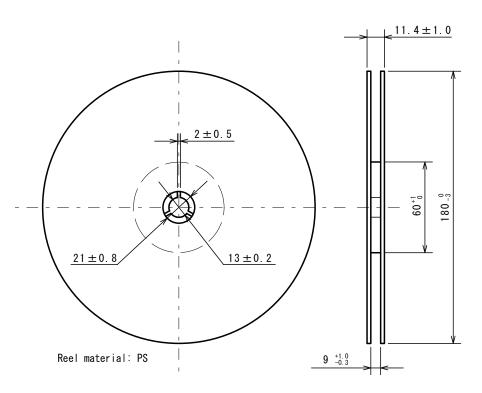
PI-WLCSP-8-P11-E-C

UNIT: mm

WLCSP-8-P11

PI-WLCSP-8-P11-E-C

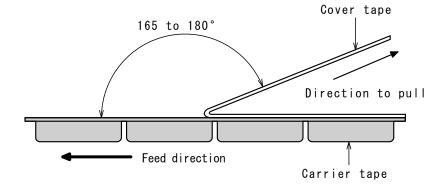
(3) Reel dimensions



(4) Peeling strength

Peeling strength of cover tape

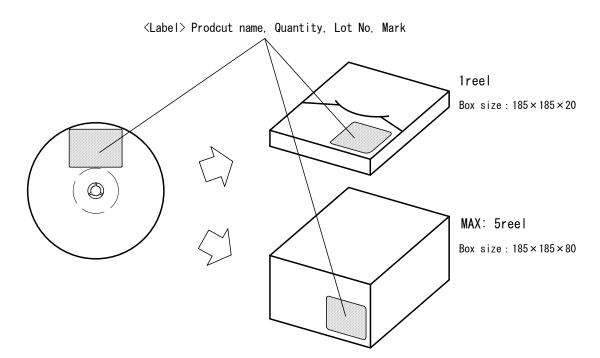
• Peeling angle165 to 180° degrees to the taped surface.• Peeling speed300mm/min• Peeling strength0.1 to 1.0N



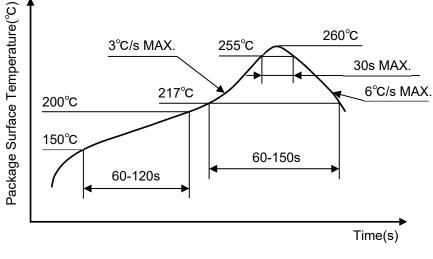
WLCSP-8-P11

PI-WLCSP-8-P11-E-C

(5) Packing state



HEAT-RESISTANCE PROFILES



Reflow profile

Revision History

Date	Version	Contents of Changes
September 5.2022	1.0	Initial release
October 3.2022	1.1	PKG Information : PI-WLCSP-P11-E-A → PI-WLCSP-P11-E-B
November 30.2022	1.2	 Added page for marking specification. PKG Information : PI-WLCSP-P11-E-B → PI-WLCSP-P11-E-C



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- 2. The materials in this document may not be copied or otherwise reproduced in whole or in part without the prior written consent of us.
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 - Various Safety Devices
 - Traffic control system
 - Combustion equipment

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- 8. Quality Warranty
 - 8-1. Quality Warranty Period

In the case of a product purchased through an authorized distributor or directly from us, the warranty period for this product shall be one (1) year after delivery to your company. For defective products that occurred during this period, we will take the quality warranty measures described in section 8-2. However, if there is an agreement on the warranty period in the basic transaction agreement, quality assurance agreement, delivery specifications, etc., it shall be followed.

8-2. Quality Warranty Remedies

When it has been proved defective due to manufacturing factors as a result of defect analysis by us, we will either deliver a substitute for the defective product or refund the purchase price of the defective product.

- Note that such delivery or refund is sole and exclusive remedies to your company for the defective product.
- 8-3. Remedies after Quality Warranty Period

With respect to any defect of this product found after the quality warranty period, the defect will be analyzed by us. On the basis of the defect analysis results, the scope and amounts of damage shall be determined by mutual agreement of both parties. Then we will deal with upper limit in Section 8-2. This provision is not intended to limit any legal rights of your company.

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- 10. The X-ray exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products. Confirm the product functions and characteristics in the evaluation stage.
- 11. WLCSP products should be used in light shielded environments. The light exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products under operation or storage.
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- 13. Please contact our sales representatives should you have any questions or comments concerning the products or the technical information.



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