

# High-Voltage Current Mode PWM Controller for ISDN Power Supplies

#### **FFATURES**

- BiC/DMOS Technology
- Current Mode Control
- Max 50% Duty Cycle Operation
- 1.3-MHz Error Amp
- Up to 500-kHz Internal Oscillator
- Soft-Start
- 0.6-V Fast Over-Current Protection
- <5-μA Supply Current for +V<sub>IN</sub> <18 V</li>
- 23.5-V to 200-V Input Voltage Range
- Programmable Start/Stop Capability
- Internal Start-Up Circuit
- Power\_Good Output

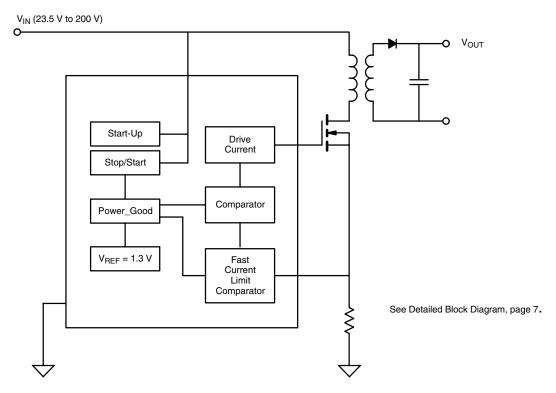
#### DESCRIPTION

Si9113 is a current mode PWM controller for ISDN power supplies. In a 14-pin SOIC package, it provides all necessary functions to implement a single-switch PWM with a minimum of external parts. To maximize the circuit integration, the Si9113 is designed with a 200-V depletion mode MOSFET capable of powering directly off the high input bus without an external start-up circuit. The Start and Stop input voltage thresholds can be programmed within the operating input voltage range by means of a resistor divider, provided  $+V_{\text{IN}}$ 

(Start) >  $+V_{IN}$  (Stop). The internal clock frequency is set with a single external resistor and is capable of capacitor-coupled external synchronization. In order to satisfy the stringent ambient temperature requirements, the Si9113 is rated to handle the industrial range of  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

The Si9113 is available in both standard and lead (Pb)-free packages.

#### **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



Applications information see AN728.

A Demonstration Borad data sheet is available for this product.

### Si9113

### Vishay Siliconix



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>IN</sub>	Junction Temperature
$V_{\rm CC}$	Power Dissipation (Package) <sup>a</sup> 14-Pin SOIC (Y Suffix) <sup>b</sup>
or ± 10 mA Linear Inputs (FB, V <sub>RFF</sub> , SENSE, SS)0.3 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V	Thermal Impedance (Θ <sub>JA</sub> ) 14-Pin SOIC140°C/W
Storage Temperature         -65 to 150°C           Operating Temperature         -40 to 85°C	Notes <ul> <li>a. Device mounted with all leads soldered or welded to PC board.</li> <li>b. Derate 7.2 mW/°C above 25°C.</li> </ul>

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE**

V <sub>IN</sub>	Linear Outputs
V <sub>CC</sub>	F <sub>OSC</sub> 30 kHz to 500 kHz
Digital Inputs	

		Test Conditions Unless Otherwise Specified		Limits -40 to 85°C				
Parameter	Symbol	$V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}, +V_{IN} = 48 \text{ V}, R_{OSC} = 390 \text{ k}\Omega$	Tempb	Min <sup>c</sup>	Typ <sup>d</sup>	Maxc	Unit	
Reference			<b>.</b>		•			
Output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	$OSC_{IN} = -V_{IN}$ (OSC Disabled) $R_L = 10 \text{ M}\Omega$	Room Full	1.275 1.26	1.3 1.3	1.325 1.34	V	
Short Circuit Current	I <sub>SREF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> = -V <sub>IN</sub>	Room		-25	-10	mA	
Load Regulation		I <sub>REF</sub> = 0 to -0.5 mA	Full		±10	40		
Line Regulation	ΔV <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10 to 14 V	Full		±2	5	mV	
UVLO						•		
	V <sub>UVSTART</sub>	Turn-On	Full	8.10	8.8	9.50		
Under Voltage Lockout	V <sub>UVSTOP</sub>	Turn-Off	Full	8.10	8.8	9.50	٧	
	I <sub>START</sub>	., .,,,	Room			0.05	μΑ	
Input Bias Current	I <sub>STOP</sub>	V <sub>STOP</sub> = 8 V, V <sub>START</sub> = 8 V	Room			0.05		
Pre-Regulated V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>REG</sub>		Room	8.5	9.0	9.5		
UVLO for V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CCUV</sub>		Room	7.9	8.4	8.9	V	
V <sub>REG</sub> – V <sub>CCUV</sub>	VΔ		Room	0.3	0.6			
PWR_Good Comparate	or		<b>.</b>		•			
Rise Time	t <sub>rpg</sub>	0 400 5	Room		35		mS	
Fall Time	t <sub>fpg</sub>	C <sub>PWR_Good</sub> = 100 nF	Room		25		μS	
Output Logic Low		I <sub>SINK</sub> = 2.5 mA	Room		0.4	0.8	V	
Soft-Start			<u> </u>			1		
SS Current	I <sub>SS</sub>		Room		11		μΑ	
Output Inhibit Voltage	V <sub>SS</sub>		Room		3.3		V	
Oscillator	•	•			•	•		
Maximum Frequencye	f <sub>MAX</sub>	R <sub>OSC</sub> = 0	Room	500				
Initial Accuracy		R <sub>OSC</sub> = 390 k (Note f)	Room	80	100	120	kHz	
	fosc	R <sub>OSC</sub> = 180 k (Note f)	Room	160	200	240		
Voltage Stability	Δf/f	$\Delta f/f = (f [14 V] - f [10 V]) / f [10 V]$	Room		10	15	%	
Temperature Coefficiente	T <sub>OSC</sub>		Full		450	650	ppm/°C	
Maximum Duty Cycle	D <sub>MAX</sub>	f <sub>OSC</sub> = 100 kHz	Room		50		%	



SPECIFICATIONS <sup>a</sup>								
		Test Conditions Unless Otherwise Specified $V_{CC}$ = 10 V, +V <sub>IN</sub> = 48 V, R <sub>OSC</sub> = 390 k $\Omega$		Limits -40 to 85°C		1		
Parameter	Symbol		Temp <sup>b</sup>	Min <sup>c</sup>	Typd	Maxc	Unit	
Error Amplifier	1							
Open Loop Voltage Gaine	A <sub>VOL</sub>	OSC IN = - V <sub>IN</sub>	Room	50	60		dB	
Input BIAS Current	I <sub>BIAS</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> = 1.3 V	Room	-1		1	μΑ	
Feedback Input Voltage	V <sub>FB</sub>	FB Tied to COMP, OSC IN = - V <sub>IN</sub>	Full	1.28		1.32	V	
Dynamic Output Impedancee	Z <sub>OUT</sub>		Room		1	2	kΩ	
Unity Gain Bandwidthe	BW		Room	1	1.3		MHz	
		Source V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.8 V	Room		-5	-1	mA	
Output Current	Гоит	Sink V <sub>FB</sub> = 1.8 V	Room	0.12	0.15			
Power Supply Rejection <sup>e</sup>	PSRR		Room	50	70		dB	
Current Limit Comparato	or							
Threshold Voltage	V <sub>SOURCE</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> = 0 V	Full	0.5	0.6	0.7	V	
Delay to Outpute	t <sub>d</sub>	V <sub>SENSE</sub> = 0.85 V, See Figure 1	Full		100	150	ns	
Output Drive	•							
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -10 mA	Room Full	9.7 9.5			V	
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 mA	Room Full			0.3 0.5	\ \	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	C <sub>I</sub> = 500 pF	Room		40	75		
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>	(10% to 90%)	Room		40	75	ns	
Supply			•		•	. "		
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	$V_{CC}$ = 10 V, $R_{OSC}$ = 390 k $\Omega$ $V_{UVUP} \le V_{IN} \le 200$ V	Full		1	1.4	mA	
	I <sub>VIN</sub>	Excluding I From Resistive Divider of Stop and Start Pins	Room		75	100	μА	
Supply Current UVLO Mode	I <sub>VIN</sub>	$+V_{IN} \le 18 \text{ V}, V_{START} \text{ (Pin 14)} < 8.8 \text{ V}$	Room		2	5	•	

- Notes
  a. Refer to PROCESS OPTION FLOWCHART for additional information.
  b. Room = 25°C, Full = −40 to 85°C.
  c. The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum.
  d. Typical values are for DESIGN AID ONLY, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing.
  e. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.
  f. C<sub>STRAY</sub> Pin 8 = ≤ 5 pF.

### **TIMING WAVEFORMS**

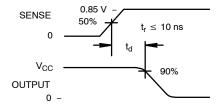
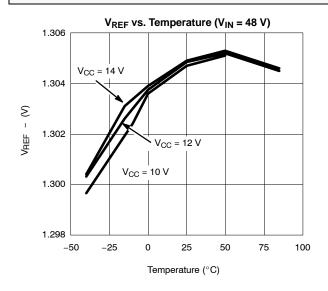
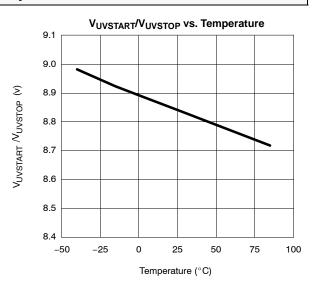


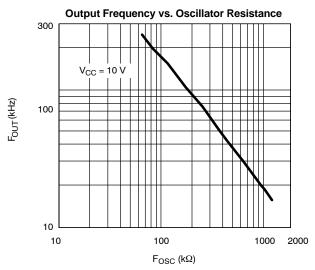
FIGURE 1. Delay Time for Current Sense

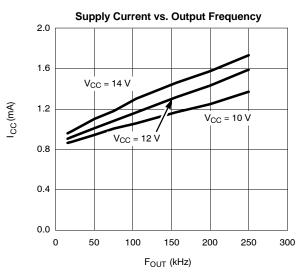


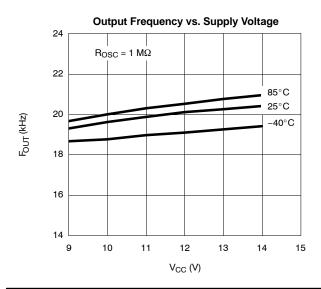
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C UNLESS NOTED)

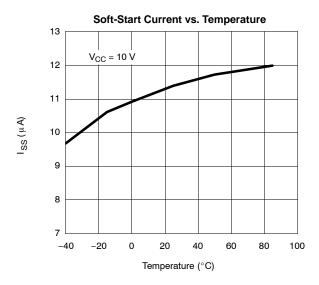








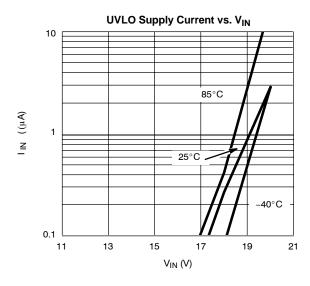


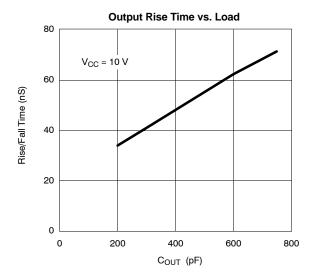


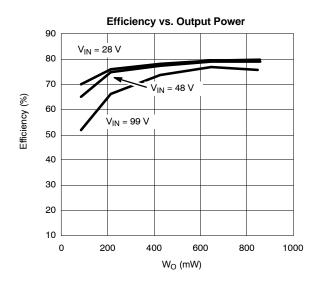




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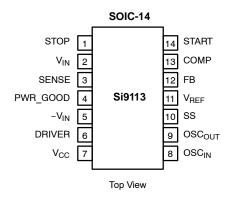








#### **PIN CONFIGURATION**



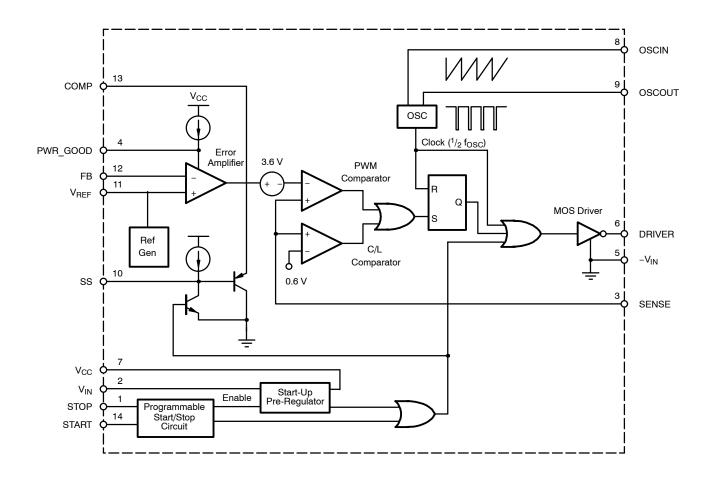
ORDERING INFORMATION				
Part Number Temperature Range Package				
Si9113DY		Bulk		
Si9113DY-T1	−40 to 85°C	Tana and Daal		
Si9113DY-T1—E3		Tape and Reel		

Eval Kit Temperature Range		Board Type
Si9113D1	–10 to 70°C	Surface Mount and
Si9113D2	-1010700	Thru-Hole

PIN DESCRIPTION				
Pin Number	Name	Function		
1	STOP	Set up the stop threshold of +V <sub>IN</sub> for V <sub>CC</sub> via resistive dividers		
2	+V <sub>IN</sub>	Input voltage to UVLO and Start-Up circuitry		
3	SENSE	Current sense amplifier input for current mode control and OCP.		
4	PWR_GOOD	Logic high PWR_Good signal indicates FB voltage is within regulation.		
5	-V <sub>IN</sub>	Ground pin		
6	DRIVER	MOSFET gate drive signal.		
7	V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage to internal circuitry and MOSFET gate drive.		
8	OSC <sub>IN</sub>	R <sub>OSC</sub> terminal		
9	OSC <sub>OUT</sub>	R <sub>OSC</sub> terminal, square waveform output		
10	SS	Soft-Start, time programmed by capacitor value.		
11	V <sub>REF</sub>	1.3-V reference. Decoupled with 0.1-μF capacitor.		
12	FB	Inverting input of an error amplifier.		
13	COMP	Error amplifier output for external compensation network.		
14	START	Set up the start threshold of +V <sub>IN</sub> for V <sub>CC</sub> via resistive dividers		



#### **DETAILED BLOCK DIAGRAM**



#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

#### Start-Up

The Si9113 start-up circuit prevents the internal circuits from turning on until the voltage on the +V<sub>IN</sub> pin, via the resistor divider R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, is sufficiently positive such that the voltage across R<sub>3</sub> (V<sub>START</sub>) is >8.8 V (typical value for the internal reference V<sub>UVSTART</sub> [see Figure 2]). When this occurs, the internal 1.3-V reference, soft-start and oscillator circuits are enabled. A constant current source provides the current to the external soft-start capacitor, which allows the output voltage to rise gradually without overshoot. The output drive circuit is disabled until the soft-start voltage reaches 3.3 V. The controller is continuously powered in the state until the VIN voltage falls and V<sub>STOP</sub> drops below 8.8 V (the typical value for the internal reference  $V_{UVSTOP}$ ). The user can program the + $V_{IN}$  START and + $V_{IN}$  STOP voltage with the external resistor divider R<sub>3</sub>-R<sub>5</sub> (see Figure 2) as follows:

$$V_{IN(START)} = \left(\frac{R_3 + R_4 + R_5}{R_5}\right) \times V_{UVSTART} \tag{1}$$

$$V_{IN(STOP)} = \left(\frac{R_3 + R_5}{R_5}\right) \times V_{UVSTOP}$$
 (2)

Since  $V_{UVSTART} = V_{UVSTOP} = 8.8 \text{ V}$  (typical) the hysteresis voltage can be expressed as:



$$\Delta V_{IN} = \left(\frac{R_4}{R_5}\right) \times V_{UVSTART} \tag{3}$$

#### **V<sub>CC</sub> Circuit**

The depletion MOSFET process allows the Si9113 controller to power directly from the high input bus voltage. Once  $V_{UVSTART}$  is met, the pre-regulator start-up circuit generates the 9.0-V  $V_{CC}$  voltage. The  $V_{CC}$  voltage is used internally to power the IC as well as providing the drive current for the external MOSFET. An internal  $V_{CC}$  circuit is disabled once a higher external voltage ( $\sim\!10$  V) is applied to this pin. If  $V_{CC}$  is below  $V_{CCUV}$ , the Si9113 will inhibit the driver output switching.

#### **REF**

The reference voltage of Si9113 is set at 1.3 V. The reference voltage is internally connected to the non-inverting input of error amplifier. The reference is decoupled with 0.1- $\mu$ F capacitor.

#### Soft-Start

The soft-start circuit provides a constant 10-µA current to external capacitor attached to SS pin. A constant soft-start current forces a gradual increase in duty cycle which in turn ensures gradual output voltage rise without overshooting. The soft-start time is programmed by the capacitance value.

#### Oscillator

The oscillator consists of a ring of CMOS inverters, capacitors, and a capacitor discharge switch. An external resistor,  $R_{OSC}$ , between the  $OSC_{IN}$  and  $OSC_{OUT}$  pins sets the frequency. The maximum frequency is obtained when  $R_{OSC}$  = 0  $\Omega$ . A frequency divider in the logic section limits the switch duty cycle to 50% by locking the switching frequency to one-half of the oscillator frequency.

#### **PWM Mode**

As the load and line voltage vary, the switching frequency remains constant. The switching frequency is programmed by the  $R_{OSC}$  value as shown by the oscillator curve. In the PWM mode, a duty cycle pulse is generated for each switching

period eliminating any chance of undesirable noise frequency. When the output load current decreases to 0 A, the controller is forced to enter the pulse skipping mode. This is a natural phenomenal for all controllers since the duty cycle cannot decrease linearly to 0%.

#### **Error Amplifier**

The error amplifier gain-bandwidth product and slew rate are critical parameters which determine the transient response of converter. The transient response is the function of both small and large signal responses. The small signal response is determined by the converter closed loop bandwidth and phase margin while the large signal is determined by the error amplifier dv/dt and the inductor di/dt slew rate. Besides the inductance value, the error amplifier determines the converter response time. In order to minimize the response time, the Si9113 is designed with 1.3-MHz error amplifier gain-bandwidth product to generate the widest converter bandwidth.

#### **Current Limit**

Over current protection circuit is provided by monitoring the voltage on the Sense pin. Once the current sense voltage reaches 0.6V peak, the output drive stage is disabled for the remainder of the clock cycle.

#### Power\_Good Comparator

The PWR\_Good signal indicates the status of output voltage. If the output voltage and  $V_{CC}$  are within regulation, the PWR\_Good signal generates a logic high output by monitoring the voltage on COMP and  $V_{CC}$  pins. If either one is out of regulation, a logic low PWR\_Good signal is generated. The capacitor at the PWR\_Good pin determines the rise time of the power good signal, once all the conditions are met for power good. The PWR\_Good signal is an open collector output capable of sinking 2.5 mA.

#### **MOSFET Gate Drive**

The DRIVER pin is designed to drive the low-side n-channel MOSFET. Typically, the driver stage is sized to sink and source 200-mA of peak current when  $V_{CC}$  = 12 V.



#### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

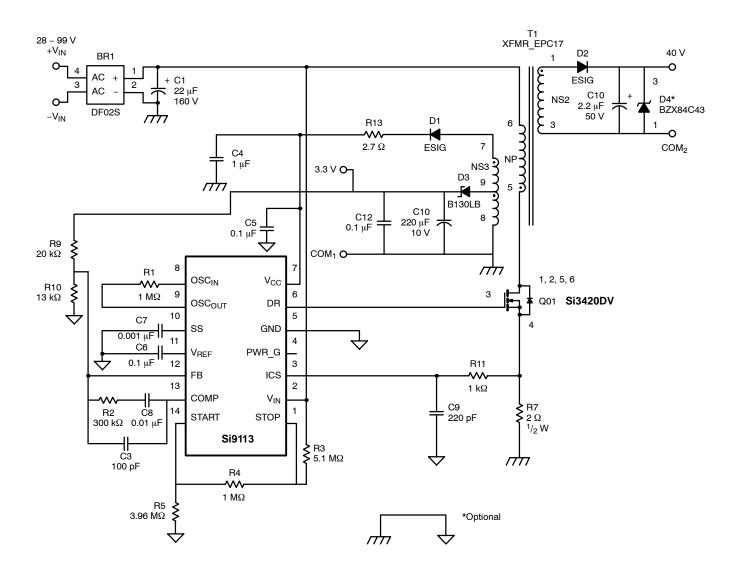


FIGURE 2. Dual Output Flyback Converter with 2% Regulation for 3.3 V (As used on Demo Board—DB1)



#### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

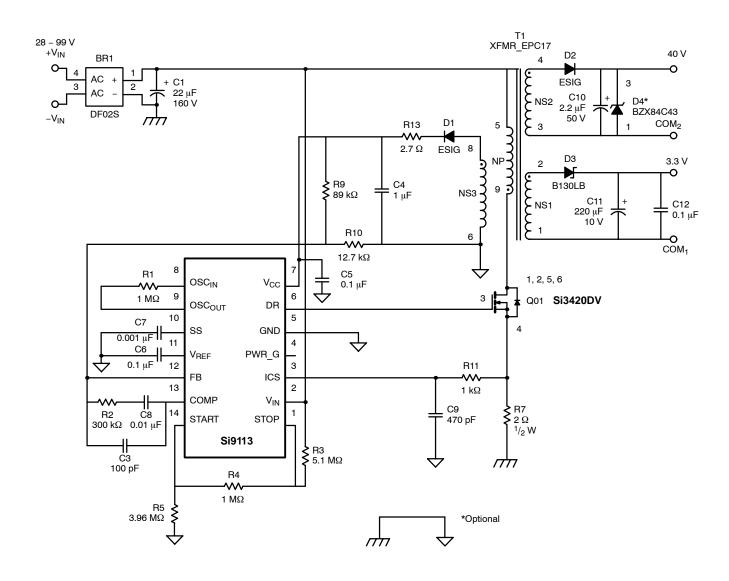
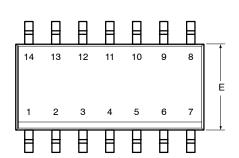


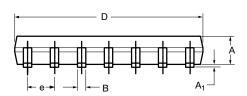
FIGURE 3. Dual Output Flyback Converter with Moderately Regulated Outputs (As used on Demo Board DB-2)

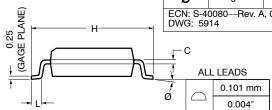


### SOIC (NARROW): 14-LEAD (POWER IC ONLY)



	MILLIMETERS		INC	CHES	
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069	
A <sub>1</sub>	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008	
В	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020	
С	0.18	0.23	0.007	0.009	
D	8.55	8.75	0.336	0.344	
Е	3.8	4.00	0.149	0.157	
е	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC		
Н	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244	
L	0.50	0.93	0.020	0.037	
Ø	0°	8°	0°	8°	
ECN: S-40080—Rev. A, 02-Feb-04 DWG: 5914					







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