SAFETY DATA SHEET



Acetone Pre-saturated Wipes

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Acetone Pre-saturated Wipes
Product code	: 2811-100-69C, 2811-100-69R, 2811-75-911-C, 2811-75-911R, 2811-50-1117-C, 2811-50-117-R
Chemical name	: acetone
Other means of identification	 propan-2-one; propanone; 2-Propanone; Ketone propane; Dimethyl ketone; 2-propanone ; β-ketonepropane; acetonum; dimethylketone; methyl ketone; propanone; pyroacetic acid; pyroacetic ether;; methyl ketone; Acetone (I); 2-Propanone (I); Cetona
Product type	: Liquid./Wipe
Not applicable.	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Supplier's details	: Techspray 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666 Emergency phone: (800) 858-4043 24/7
	24/7

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).		
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation.		
Precautionary statement	<u>s</u>		
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.		
Response	 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. 		
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.		
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/26/2019 Date of previous issue : 3/26/2019 Version : 2 1/13		

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Substance
Chemical name	: acetone
Other means of identification	 propan-2-one; propanone; 2-Propanone; Ketone propane; Dimethyl ketone; 2-propanone ; β-ketonepropane; acetonum; dimethylketone; methyl ketone; propanone; pyroacetic acid; pyroacetic ether;; methyl ketone; Acetone (I); 2-Propanone (I); Cetona

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: 67-64-1		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
acetone		99 - 100	67-64-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important sympt	oms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute healt	h effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Skin contact	: May cause skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.
Over-exposure signs	s/symptoms

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: central nervous system depression respiratory tract irritation
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion Seek medical attention.
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled

		quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.			
personnel	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from			
	entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.			
	No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide			
	adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put			
	on appropriate personal protective equipment.			

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2400 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 2400 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	1	Colorless.
Odor	1	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	Not available.
Melting point	1	-94.7°C (-138.5°F)
Boiling point	1	56.05°C (132.9°F)
Flash point	1	Closed cup: -20°C (-4°F)
Evaporation rate	1	6.06 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	4	Lower: 2.2%
(flammable) limits		Upper: 13%
Vapor pressure	÷	24 kPa (180.01 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density		2 [Air = 1]
Relative density	-	0.8
Solubility	4	Not available.
Solubility in water	4	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	-0.23
Auto-ignition temperature	:	465°C (869°F)
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	1	Not available.
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	:	-28.49 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specif	ic test data related to react	ivity available for this	s product or its i	ngredients.	
Chemical stability	: The prod	uct is stable.				
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under no	rmal conditions of storage	and use, hazardous	reactions will no	ot occur.	
Conditions to avoid	braze, so	possible sources of ignition lder, drill, grind or expose o or to accumulate in low or	containers to heat or			
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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition
products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should
not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone acetone	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral		5800 mg/kg 5800 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
				per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395	-
				milligrams	
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
	-			per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
	-			milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395	-
				milligrams	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	Not available.	
Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	apors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
Skin contact	May cause skin irritation.	
Ingestion	Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medica	I assistance.
	I, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation vatering edness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: central nervous system depression espiratory tract irritation	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: rritation edness dryness cracking	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: ngestion Seek medical attention.	

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus -	42 days
		Larvae	
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	-
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus -	42 days
		Larvae	

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetone	-0.23	-	low
acetone	-0.23	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Acetone (I); 2-Propanone (I)	67-64-1	Listed	U002

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	-	ID8000	ID8000	UN3175	UN3175	095 Not acceptable for transport by aircraft.
UN proper shipping name	Consumer commodity ORM-D	Consumer commodity ID8000	Consumer commodity ID8000	Solids containg flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone)	Solids containg flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone)	NOT TO BE SHIPPED BY AIR
Transport hazard class(es)	ORM-D	-	-	4.1	4.1	-
Packing group	-	-	-	11	11	-
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes.	-
Additional information	Reportable quantity 5000 lbs / 2270 kg [758.12 gal / 2869.8 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.		The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	095 Not acceptable for transport by aircraft.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

		SCA 8(a) CDR Exer nited States invent	•	•			oted.
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: No	ot listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: No	ot listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: No	ot listed					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: No	ot listed					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Lis	sted					
<u>SARA 302/304</u>							
Composition/information	<u>on ing</u>	<u>redients</u>					
No products were found.							
SARA 304 RQ	: No	ot applicable.					
<u>SARA 311/312</u>							
Classification		re hazard mediate (acute) he	alth haza	rd			
Composition/information	<u>on ing</u>	redients					-
Name		%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
acetone		99 - 100	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
L							
Massachusetts New York New Jersey Pennsylvania International regulations	: Th : Th : Th	e following compor le following compor le following compor le following compor	l lents are lents are lents are lents are	listed: ACETO listed: Acetone listed: ACETO listed: 2-PROF	e; 2-Propanon NE; 2-PROPA		
New York New Jersey	: Th : Th : Th	e following compor e following compor e following compor	l lents are lents are lents are lents are	listed: ACETO listed: Acetone listed: ACETO listed: 2-PROF	e; 2-Propanon NE; 2-PROPA		
Massachusetts New York New Jersey Pennsylvania International regulations Chemical Weapon Convent	: Th : Th : Th ion Lis	e following comporte following comporte following comporte following comporte following comportes following comportes for the following for the following comportes for the following for the following comportes for the followin	l lents are lents are lents are lents are	listed: ACETO listed: Acetone listed: ACETO listed: 2-PROF	e; 2-Propanon NE; 2-PROPA		
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Massachusetts New York New Jersey Pennsylvania International regulations Chemical Weapon Convent Not listed. Montreal Protocol (Annexes Not listed. Stockholm Convention on I	: Th : Th : Th ion Lis s A, B,	te following compor te following compor te following compor te following compor te following compor te following compor te following comport te following co	lents are lents are lents are lents are lill Chem	listed: ACETO listed: Acetone listed: ACETO listed: 2-PROF	e; 2-Propanon NE; 2-PROPA		
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Massachusetts New York New Jersey Pennsylvania International regulations Chemical Weapon Convent Not listed. Montreal Protocol (Annexes Not listed. Stockholm Convention on I Not listed. Rotterdam Convention on I Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on Not listed.	: Th : Th : Th ion Lis s A, B, Persist	te following compor le following compor le following compor at Schedules I, II & C, E) tent Organic Pollu	hents are hents are hents are hents are III Chem tants PIC)	listed: ACETO listed: Acetone listed: ACETO listed: 2-PROF hicals	e; 2-Propanon NE; 2-PROPA		

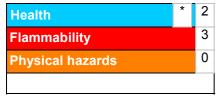
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Section 15. Regulatory information

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China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	 Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A		On basis of test data On basis of test data
History		
Date of printing	: 3/26/2019	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/26/2019	
Date of previous issue	: 3/26/2019	

Version

: 2

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.
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Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.